

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2019

Registration No. 333-218303

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO

FORM S-3

**REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

BEIGENE, LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Cayman Islands	98-1209416
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

**c/o Mourant Governance Services (Cayman) Limited
94 Solaris Avenue, Camana Bay
Grand Cayman KY1-1108
Cayman Islands
+1 (345) 949 4123**

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

C T Corporation System
28 Liberty Street
New York, New York 10005
(212) 590-9070

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copy to:

Scott A. Samuels
Senior Vice President, General Counsel
c/o BeiGene USA, Inc.
55 Cambridge Parkway
Suite 700W
Cambridge, MA 02142
(781) 801-1800

**Mitchell S. Bloom
Edwin M. O'Connor
Goodwin Procter LLP
100 Northern Avenue
Boston, MA 02210
(617) 570-1000**

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public:
From time to time after this registration statement becomes effective.

If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box. ☐

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box. ☒

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. ☐

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. ☐

If this Form is a registration statement pursuant to General Instruction I.D or a post-effective amendment thereto that shall become effective upon filing with the Commission pursuant to Rule 462(e) under the Securities Act, check the following box. ☒

If this Form is a post-effective amendment to a registration statement filed pursuant to General Instruction I.D filed to register additional securities or additional classes of securities pursuant to Rule 413(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ☒

Accelerated filer ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☐Smaller reporting company ☐

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of Securities Act. ☐

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered(1)	Amount to be Registered(1)(2)	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit(3)	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(3)	Amount of Registration Fee(4)
Ordinary Shares, par value US\$0.0001 per share	349,829,502	US\$9.24	US\$3,232,424,598.48	US\$391,769.87

- (1) These shares may be represented by the Registrant's American Depositary Shares, or ADSs. Each ADS represents 13 Ordinary Shares. ADSs issuable upon deposit of the Ordinary Shares registered hereby were registered pursuant to a separate Registration Statement on Form F-6 (File No. 333-209044).
 - (2) On May 26, 2017, the Registrant filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, the Registration Statement on Form S-3ASR (File No. 333-218303), or Initial Registration Statement, which covered 299,279,370 of the Registrant's Ordinary Shares offered by the selling shareholders named therein. Two of the Registrant's selling shareholders named in the Initial Registration Statement, Merck Sharp & Dohme Research GmbH and CB Biotech Investment Limited, for whom 46,315,165 Ordinary Shares were previously registered, no longer hold these shares. By this Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Initial Registration Statement, or Amendment No. 1, an additional 50,550,132 Ordinary Shares, or the Incremental Shares, are being registered, for a total of 303,514,337 Ordinary Shares offered by the Registrant's selling shareholders named in this Amendment No. 1.
 - (3) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(c) of the Securities Act, and based on the average of the high and low sale prices of the Registrant's ADSs, as quoted on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, on May 8, 2019.
 - (4) In connection with the filing of the Initial Registration Statement on May 26, 2017 the Registrant paid a registration fee of \$99,204. Upon the filing of this Amendment No. 1 with the SEC, the Registrant will pay an additional registration fee of \$56,610.49 with respect to the Incremental Shares.
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EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 relates to the Shelf Registration Statement on Form S-3ASR (File No. 333-218303) (the "Registration Statement") which was filed by BeiGene, Ltd. with the Securities and Exchange Commission and became effective on May 26, 2017. This Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 is being filed to (i) add additional securities acquired by the selling shareholders, (ii) make corresponding changes to the base prospectus included in Part I of the Registration Statement, change the date on the cover page of the prospectus to correspond to the date of this Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 and update as appropriate the information contained in such base prospectus and (iii) file or incorporate by reference additional exhibits to the Registration Statement.

The existing base prospectus, dated May 26, 2017, that currently forms part of the Registration Statement is being replaced in its entirety by the base prospectus filed with this Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement. This Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 will become effective immediately upon filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

PROSPECTUS



BeiGene

BeiGene, Ltd.

**303,514,337 Ordinary Shares, including 227,854,250 Ordinary Shares
in the form of
17,527,250 American Depositary Shares**

This prospectus covers the resale by the selling shareholders identified in this prospectus and any related prospectus supplement of up to an aggregate of 303,514,337 ordinary shares, par value US\$0.0001 per share, which we refer to as our ordinary shares, including 227,854,250 ordinary shares in the form of 17,527,250 American Depositary Shares, or ADSs, each representing 13 of our ordinary shares. We are not selling any ADSs or ordinary shares under this prospectus and we will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale or other disposition of ADSs or ordinary shares by the selling shareholders.

The selling shareholders may sell or otherwise dispose of the ADSs and/or ordinary shares covered by this prospectus in a number of different ways and at varying prices. We provide more information about how the selling shareholders may sell or otherwise dispose of their ADSs and/or ordinary shares in the section entitled "Plan of Distribution" beginning on page 47.

Any discount, concession, commissions and similar selling expenses attributable to the sale of ADSs and/or ordinary shares covered by this prospectus will be borne by the selling shareholders. We will pay all expenses (other than discounts, concessions, commissions and similar selling expenses) relating to the issuance and registration of the ADSs and the ordinary shares with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Our ordinary shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, or HKEx, under the stock code "06160", and ADSs representing our ordinary shares are listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "BGNE". A separate Registration Statement on Form F-6 for the registration of ADSs issuable upon deposit of the ordinary shares was previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and was declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 2, 2016 (Reg. File No. 333-209044). The amendment to the Registration Statement on Form F-6 was filed on March 31, 2016 and declared effective on April 8, 2016. On May 8, 2019, the closing price of our ordinary shares on the HKEx was HK\$74.05 per ordinary share, and the closing price of our ADSs on the NASDAQ Global Select Market was US\$117.50 per ADS.

INVESTING IN OUR SECURITIES INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. YOU SHOULD REVIEW CAREFULLY THE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES REFERENCED UNDER THE HEADING "RISK FACTORS" ON PAGE 6 OF THIS PROSPECTUS AND UNDER ANY SIMILAR HEADINGS IN ANY AMENDMENT OR SUPPLEMENT TO THIS PROSPECTUS OR IN ANY FILING WITH SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION THAT IS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE HEREIN.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is May 9, 2019.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>RISK FACTORS</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>ABOUT THE COMPANY</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>USE OF PROCEEDS</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>SELLING SHAREHOLDERS</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>DESCRIPTION OF SHARE CAPITAL</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>CONVERSION BETWEEN ADSs AND ORDINARY SHARES</u>	<u>33</u>
<u>TAXATION</u>	<u>38</u>
<u>PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION</u>	<u>47</u>
<u>ENFORCEMENT OF CIVIL LIABILITIES</u>	<u>50</u>
<u>LEGAL MATTERS</u>	<u>51</u>
<u>EXPERTS</u>	<u>51</u>

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of an automatic shelf registration statement that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, as a "well-known seasoned issuer" as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act. Under this shelf registration, selling shareholders may offer our securities registered pursuant to the registration statement from time to time in one or more offerings. This prospectus only provides you with a general description of the securities selling shareholders may offer. We may also authorize one or more free writing prospectuses to be provided to you that may contain material information relating to these offerings. Each such prospectus supplement and any free writing prospectus that we may authorize to be provided to you may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus or in documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus. **We urge you to carefully read this prospectus, any applicable prospectus supplement and any related free writing prospectus, together with the information incorporated herein by reference as described under the headings "Where You Can Find More Information" and "Incorporation by Reference" before you invest in our securities.**

You should rely only on the information incorporated by reference or provided in this document. Neither we nor any selling shareholder have authorized anyone to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We take no responsibility for, and can provide no assurances as to the reliability of, any information not contained in this prospectus, any applicable prospectus supplement or any related free writing prospectus that we or a selling shareholder may authorize to be provided to you. This prospectus is an offer to sell only the securities offered hereby, but only under circumstances and in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. You should assume that the information in this prospectus, any applicable prospectus supplement or any related free writing prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front of the document and that any information incorporated by reference is accurate only as of the date of the document incorporated by reference, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus, any applicable prospectus supplement or any related free writing prospectus, or any sale of a security.

This prospectus contains summaries of certain provisions contained in some of the documents described herein, but reference is made to the actual documents for complete information. All of the summaries are qualified in their entirety by the actual documents. Copies of some of the documents referred to herein have been filed, will be filed or will be incorporated by reference as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, and you may obtain copies of those documents as described below under the heading "Where You Can Find More Information."

Unless otherwise mentioned or unless the context requires otherwise, throughout this prospectus, any applicable prospectus supplement and any related free writing prospectus, the words "BeiGene," "we," "us," "our," the "company" or similar references refer to BeiGene, Ltd. and its subsidiaries.

We own various applications and unregistered trademarks and service-marks, including BeiGene, 百济神州 and our corporate logo. All other trade names, trademarks and service marks of other companies appearing in this prospectus are the property of their respective holders. Solely for convenience, the trademarks and trade names in this prospectus are referred to without the ® and ™ symbols, but such references should not be construed as any indicator that their respective owners will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, their rights thereto. We do not intend our use or display of other companies' trademarks and trade names to imply a relationship with, or endorsement or sponsorship of us by, any other companies.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. Our SEC filings are available to the public over the Internet at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Copies of certain information filed by us with the SEC are also available on our website at

www.beigene.com . Our website is not a part of this prospectus and is not incorporated by reference in this prospectus.

This prospectus is part of a registration statement we filed with the SEC. This prospectus omits some information contained in the registration statement in accordance with SEC rules and regulations. You should review the information and exhibits in the registration statement for further information about us and the securities we are offering. Statements in this prospectus concerning any document we filed as an exhibit to the registration statement or that we otherwise filed with the SEC are not intended to be comprehensive and are qualified by reference to these filings. You should review the complete document to evaluate these statements.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference much of the information we file with the SEC, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those publicly available documents. The information that we incorporate by reference in this prospectus is considered to be part of this prospectus. Information in this prospectus supersedes information incorporated by reference that we filed with the SEC prior to the date of this prospectus. Because we are incorporating by reference future filings with the SEC, this prospectus is continually updated and those future filings may modify or supersede some of the information included or incorporated in this prospectus. This means that you must look at all of the SEC filings that we incorporate by reference to determine if any of the statements in this prospectus or in any document previously incorporated by reference have been modified or superseded. This prospectus incorporates by reference the documents listed below (File No. 001-37686) and any future filings we make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act (in each case, other than those documents or the portions of those documents not deemed to be filed) until the offering of the securities under the registration statement is terminated or completed:

- [Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, including the information specifically incorporated by reference into the Annual Report on Form 10-K from our definitive proxy statement for the 2019 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders;](#)
- Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2019;
- Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on [January 7, 2019](#); [January 14, 2019](#); [January 23, 2019](#); [February 27, 2019](#); [March 7, 2019](#); [April 2, 2019](#); [April 10, 2019](#) and May 9, 2019 (other than the portions of those reports not deemed to be filed); and
- [The description of our ordinary shares and ADSs contained in our Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed with the SEC under Section 12\(b\) of the Exchange Act on January 29, 2016, including any amendment or report filed for the purpose of updating such description.](#)

You may access our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, Proxy Statement, and amendments, if any, to those documents filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act with the SEC free of charge at the SEC's website or our website as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. The reference to our website does not constitute incorporation by reference of the information contained in our website. We do not consider information contained on, or that can be accessed through, our website to be part of this prospectus or the related registration statement.

You may request a copy of these filings, at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at the following address or telephone number:

Investor Relations
BeiGene, Ltd.
c/o BeiGene USA, Inc.
55 Cambridge Parkway
Suite 700W
Cambridge, MA 02142
Tel: (781) 801-1800

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus and the documents incorporated herein by reference and any prospectus supplement contain forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this prospectus and the documents incorporated herein by reference or any prospectus supplement, including statements regarding our strategy, future operations, future financial position, future revenue, projected costs, prospects, plans, objectives of management and expected growth, are forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements.

The words "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "predict," "project," "target," "potential," "will," "would," "could," "should," "continue" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. These forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements about:

- the initiation, timing, progress and results of our preclinical studies and clinical trials, and our research and development programs;
- our ability to advance our drug candidates into, and successfully complete, clinical trials;
- our reliance on the success of our clinical-stage drug candidates;
- our plans, expected milestones and the timing or likelihood of regulatory filings and approvals;
- the commercialization of our drugs and drug candidates, if approved;
- our ability to further develop sales and marketing capabilities and launch new drugs, if approved;
- the pricing and reimbursement of our drugs and drug candidates, if approved;
- the implementation of our business model, strategic plans for our business, drugs, drug candidates and technology;
- the scope of protection we (or our licensors) are able to establish and maintain for intellectual property rights covering our drugs, drug candidates and technology;
- our ability to operate our business without infringing, misappropriating or otherwise violating the intellectual property rights and proprietary technology of third parties;
- costs associated with enforcing or defending against intellectual property infringement, misappropriation or violation; product liability; and other claims;
- regulatory developments in the United States, China, the United Kingdom, the European Union and other jurisdictions;
- the accuracy of our estimates regarding expenses, revenues, capital requirements and our need for additional financing;
- the potential benefits of strategic collaboration and licensing agreements and our ability to enter into strategic agreements;
- our ability to maintain and establish collaborations or licensing arrangements;
- our reliance on third parties to conduct drug development, manufacturing and other services;

- our ability to manufacture and supply, or have manufactured and supplied, drug candidates for clinical development and drugs for commercial sale;
- the rate and degree of market access and acceptance and reimbursement for our drugs and drug candidates, if approved;
- developments relating to our competitors and our industry, including competing therapies;
- the size of the potential markets for our drugs and drug candidates and our ability to serve those markets;
- our ability to effectively manage our anticipated growth;
- our ability to attract and retain qualified employees and key personnel;
- statements regarding future revenue, hiring plans, expenses, capital expenditures, capital requirements and share performance;
- the future trading price of the ordinary shares and ADSs and impact of securities analysts' reports on these prices;
- whether we may be a "passive foreign investment company" in 2019 and future taxable years, which may have adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences for U.S. shareholders; and
- other risks and uncertainties, including those listed under the caption "Risk Factors" in this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement and the documents incorporated herein and therein by reference.

These forward-looking statements are only predictions, and we may not actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements, so you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Actual results or events could differ materially from the plans, intentions and expectations disclosed in the forward-looking statements we make. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition and operating results. We have included important factors in the cautionary statements included in this prospectus, particularly under the caption "Risk Factors," that could cause actual future results or events to differ materially from the forward-looking statements that we make. Our forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any future acquisitions, mergers, dispositions, joint ventures or investments we may make.

You should read this prospectus and the documents that we have incorporated by reference and any prospectus supplement with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. We do not assume any obligation to update any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.

This prospectus and the documents incorporated herein by reference and any prospectus supplement include statistical and other industry and market data that we obtained from industry publications and research, surveys and studies conducted by third parties. Industry publications and third-party research, surveys and studies generally indicate that their information has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, although they do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information. While we believe these industry publications and third party research, surveys and studies are reliable, you are cautioned not to give undue weight to this information.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus and any prospectus supplement, as well as other information we include or incorporate by reference into this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement, before making an investment decision. Our business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially adversely affected by the materialization of any of these risks. The trading price of our securities could decline due to the materialization of any of these risks, and you may lose all or part of your investment. This prospectus and the documents incorporated herein by reference also contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including the risks described in the documents incorporated herein by reference, including our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2019, which is on file with the SEC and is incorporated by reference into this prospectus, and other documents we file with the SEC that are deemed incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

ABOUT THE COMPANY

We are a commercial-stage biotechnology company focused on developing and commercializing innovative molecularly-targeted and immuno-oncology drugs for the treatment of cancer. Our internally-developed lead drug candidates are currently in late-stage clinical trials, and we are marketing three in-licensed drugs in China from which we have been generating product revenue since September 2017. Our mission is to become a global leader in the discovery, development and commercialization of innovative therapies.

We started as a research and development company in Beijing in 2010 focusing on developing best-in-class oncology drugs. Over the last nine years, we have developed into a fully-integrated global biotechnology company with operations in China, the United States, Europe and Australia, including a more than 800-person global clinical development team running over 50 ongoing or planned clinical trials as of January 24, 2019. We also have a growing commercial team that is selling our existing in-licensed drugs in China and preparing for launches of our internally-developed drug candidates in China and the United States, as well as internal manufacturing capabilities in China that are operational or under construction for the clinical and commercial supply of our small molecule and biologic drug candidates.

Our lead internally-developed drug candidates include the following:

- **Zanubrutinib (BGB-3111)** —a potentially best-in-class investigational small molecule inhibitor of Bruton's tyrosine kinase, or BTK, designed to maximize BTK occupancy and minimize off-target effects, that is currently being evaluated in a broad pivotal clinical program in China and in other markets, including the United States, the European Union and Australia, which we refer to as globally, for which we submitted for approval in China in 2018 initially for the treatment of patients with relapsed or refractory (R/R) mantle cell lymphoma, or MCL, and chronic lymphocytic leukemia or small lymphocytic lymphoma, or CLL/SLL. We subsequently received priority review in China for both R/R MCL and R/R CLL/SLL. We also plan to submit in 2019 or early 2020 a new drug application, or NDA, to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or the FDA, and an NDA in China for Waldenström's Macroglobulinemia, or WM. In the United States, the FDA has granted zanubrutinib Fast Track status in WM and Breakthrough Therapy designation for the treatment of adult patients with MCL who have received at least one prior therapy. We plan to launch zanubrutinib in China and the United States if we receive approval from the relevant regulatory authorities;
- **Tislelizumab (BGB-A317)** —an investigational humanized IgG4 monoclonal antibody against the immune checkpoint receptor programmed cell death protein 1, or PD-1, specifically designed to

minimize binding to Fc γ R on macrophages, that is currently being evaluated in a broad pivotal clinical program for both solid tumor and hematological indications, both globally and in China, for which we submitted for approval in China in 2018 initially for the treatment of R/R classical Hodgkin's lymphoma. We subsequently received priority review in China, and we plan to launch tislelizumab in China if we receive approval. We also plan to file an NDA in China for the treatment of urothelial bladder cancer; and

- **Pamiparib (BGB-290)**—an investigational small molecule inhibitor of poly ADP-ribose polymerase 1, or PARP1, and PARP2 enzymes that is being evaluated in two pivotal clinical trials in China, a global Phase 3 trial, and earlier-stage trials in solid tumor cancers.

In addition to our three late-stage clinical drug candidates, our pipeline also includes three internally-developed drug candidates in early stage clinical development: lifirafenib (BGB-283), an investigational RAF dimer inhibitor; BGB-A333, an investigational humanized monoclonal antibody against the immune checkpoint receptor ligand PD-L1; and BGB-A425, an investigational humanized monoclonal antibody against TIM-3. We also pursue in-licensing opportunities that, among other things, allow us to help our collaborators by leveraging our capabilities in clinical development and commercialization in China and other Asia-Pacific countries. Our business development efforts have led to a development-stage portfolio that includes sitravatinib, an investigational, spectrum-selective kinase inhibitor in clinical development by Mirati Therapeutics, Inc., for which we have in-licensed development and commercial rights in Asia (excluding Japan), Australia and New Zealand; and ZW25 and ZW49, two bispecific antibody-based biologic drug candidates targeting HER2, in clinical development by Zymeworks Inc., for which we have in-licensed development and commercial rights in Asia (excluding Japan), Australia and New Zealand.

We entered into a strategic collaboration with Celgene Corporation in August 2017, in which we obtained an exclusive license to market in China Celgene's approved cancer therapies ABRAXANE®, REVLIMID® and VIDAZA®, as well as rights in China to develop and commercialize avadomide (CC-122), an investigational next-generation Cereblon modulator currently in clinical development by Celgene outside of China for lymphoma and hepatocellular carcinomas. As part of the collaboration, we also granted Celgene an exclusive right to develop and commercialize tislelizumab for solid tumors in the United States, Europe, Japan and the rest of the world other than Asia.

We believe that we are well-positioned to capture significant market opportunities in China for innovative cancer therapies, including those created by recent regulatory reforms and new reimbursement policies. China is the second largest pharmaceutical market in the world based on revenue. We believe that there is a large and growing opportunity for novel cancer therapeutics in China based on significant unmet medical need, a large target patient population, expanding reimbursement coverage, and increasing treatment affordability and willingness to pay. In addition, China's chief drug regulator, the National Medical Products Administration, has undertaken significant regulatory reforms that are designed to accelerate the development of new innovative drugs and allow China to be an integral part of global drug development. In addition, innovative oncology drugs have been included in the most recent National Reimbursement Drug List, reducing out-of-pocket expenses for patients. We believe that access to the large number of patients in China during clinical development as well as commercialization creates new opportunities for us. Leveraging our strong China presence and experience, as well as our commitment to global standards of innovation and quality, we believe that we have a unique ability to effectively take advantage of these opportunities.

We are an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on October 28, 2010. Any company that is registered in the Cayman Islands but conducts business mainly outside of the Cayman Islands may apply to be registered as an exempted company. The principal executive office of our research and development operations is located at No. 30 Science Park Road, Zhong-Guan-Cun Life Science Park, Changping District, Beijing 102206, the People's Republic of

China. Our telephone number at this address is +86 10 58958000. Our current registered office in the Cayman Islands is located at the offices of Maurant Governance Services (Cayman) Limited, 94 Solaris Avenue, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands. Our website address is www.beigene.com. We do not incorporate the information on or accessible through our website into this prospectus, and you should not consider any information on, or that can be accessed through, our website as part of this prospectus. Our ordinary shares are listed on HKEx under the stock code "06160", and ADSs representing our ordinary shares are listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "BGNE".

USE OF PROCEEDS

This prospectus relates to the securities that may be offered and sold from time to time by the selling shareholders who will receive all of the proceeds from any sale of the securities. We will not receive any of the proceeds from any sales of the securities by any selling shareholder. However, we will pay certain issuance and registration expenses, including filing fees, listing fees, printing expenses and fees of our counsel and other advisers.

SELLING SHAREHOLDERS

The following table sets forth, to our knowledge, certain information as of May 8, 2019 regarding the beneficial ownership of our ordinary shares by the selling shareholders and the ordinary shares being offered by the selling shareholders. Information with respect to beneficial ownership is based upon information obtained from the selling shareholders. Information with respect to ordinary shares owned beneficially after the offering assumes the sale of all of the ordinary shares offered and no other purchases or sales of our ADSs or ordinary shares. The selling shareholders may offer and sell some, all or none of their shares. This table does not include certain of our ordinary shares or ADSs held by affiliates of the selling shareholders. Beneficial ownership representing less than 1% is denoted with an asterisk (*).

Name and Address	Shares Beneficially Owned Prior to Offering ⁽¹⁾		Shares Being Offered	Shares Beneficially Owned After Offering	
	Number	Percent	Number	Number	Percent
	⁽²⁾				
Baker Bros. Advisors LP	161,611,954 ⁽³⁾	20.6%	161,291,834 ⁽²⁾	320,120 ⁽³⁾	*
Entities affiliated with Hillhouse Capital Advisors, Ltd.					
(4)	76,563,367	9.8%	76,563,367	—	*
John V. Oyler ⁽⁵⁾	75,225,239	9.5%	53,438,138	21,787,101	2.7%
Xiaodong Wang ⁽⁶⁾	18,630,903	2.4%	12,220,998	6,409,905	*

(1) Based on 784,172,755 ordinary shares outstanding on May 8, 2019. The ordinary shares may be in the form of ADSs. Each ADS represents 13 ordinary shares.

(2) Consists of (i) 16,319,660 ordinary shares held by 667, L.P., of which 6,533,124 shares are held in the form of 502,548 Restricted ADSs and of which 9,204,325 shares are held in the form of 708,025 ADS and (ii) 144,972,174 ordinary shares held by Baker Brothers Life Sciences, L.P. (collectively, the "Baker Funds"), of which 73,162,011 are held in the form of 5,627,847 Restricted ADSs and of which 66,578,252 shares are held in the form of 5,121,404 ADS. Baker Bros. Advisors LP is the investment advisor to the Baker Funds. Baker Bros. Advisors LP has sole voting and investment power with respect to the securities held by the Baker Funds and thus may be deemed to beneficially own such securities. Baker Bros. Advisors (GP) LLC is the sole general partner of Baker Bros. Advisors LP and thus may be deemed to beneficially own the securities held by the Baker Funds. The principals of Baker Bros. Advisors (GP) LLC are Julian C. Baker and Felix J. Baker, who may be deemed to beneficially own the securities held by the Baker Funds. Baker Bros. Advisors LP, Baker Bros. Advisors (GP) LLC, Julian C. Baker and Felix J. Baker each disclaims beneficial ownership of the securities held by each of the Baker Funds, and this

prospectus shall not be deemed an admission that any such entity or person is the beneficial owner of such securities for purposes of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act or for any other purpose, except to the extent that any such entity or person actually exercises voting or investment power with respect to such securities. The address for each of these entities is 860 Washington Street, 3rd Floor, New York, NY 10014.

- (3) Includes (i) 9,290 restricted share units ("RSUs") convertible solely into ordinary shares previously granted to Michael Goller and (ii) 9,290 RSUs convertible solely into ordinary shares previously granted to Ranjeev Krishana, each full-time employees of Baker Bros. Advisors LP, in their capacity as members of our board of directors. Michael Goller and Ranjeev Krishana serve on our board of directors as representatives of the Baker Funds, and Baker Bros. Advisors LP may be deemed to beneficially own each of their RSUs. Mr. Goller and Mr. Krishana each hold 150,770 vested share options to purchase ordinary shares received in connection with their service on our board of directors. Baker Bros. Advisors LP may be deemed to beneficially own the ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of such share options. Does not include (a) 92,326 ordinary shares held in the form of 7,102 ADSs by Julian C. Baker and (b) 92,326 ordinary shares held in the form of 7,102 ADSs by Felix J. Baker, each in their personal capacity.
- (4) Consists of (i) 58,995,800 ordinary shares held by Gaoling Fund, L.P. ("Gaoling"), of which 53,853,800 shares are held in the form of 4,142,600 ADSs; (ii) 4,121,589 ordinary shares held by YHG Investment, L.P. ("YHG"), of which 3,839,589 shares are held in the form of 295,353 ADSs; and (iii) 13,445,978 ordinary shares held in the form of 1,034,306 ADSs held by Hillhouse BGN Holdings Limited ("HHBGN"). Hillhouse Capital Management, Ltd. ("HCM") acts as the sole management company of Hillhouse Fund II, L.P. ("HFII"). HH is wholly owned by HFII. The directors of HCM are Jun Shen ("Mr. Shen") and Colm O'Connell ("Mr. O'Connell"). Mr. Shen and Mr. O'Connell are employees of HCM and Mr. Zhang Lei ("Mr. Zhang") is the President and Chief Investment Officer of HCM. HCM is hereby deemed to be the sole beneficial owner of, and to control the voting power of, the ordinary shares represented by ADSs held by HH. Each of Mr. Shen, Mr. O'Connell, Mr. Zhang, HHBGN and HFII disclaims beneficial ownership of all of the shares held by HCM. Hillhouse Capital Advisors, Ltd. ("HCA") acts as the sole general partner of Gaoling and the sole management company of YHG. The directors of HCA are Mr. Shen and Mr. O'Connell. Mr. Shen and Mr. O'Connell are employees of HCA and Mr. Zhang is the President of HCA. HCA is hereby deemed to be the sole beneficial owner of, and to control the voting power of, the ordinary shares held by (and represented by ADSs held by) Gaoling and YHG. Each of Mr. Shen, Mr. O'Connell, Mr. Zhang, Gaoling and YHG disclaims beneficial ownership of all of the shares held by HCA. The registered address of HCM and HCA is 20 Genesis Close, George Town, Grand Cayman, KY-1103 Cayman Islands.
- (5) Consists of (i) 16,255,796 ordinary shares held directly by Mr. Oyler, of which 961,402 shares are held in the form of 73,954 ADSs; (ii) 11,684,913 shares issuable to Mr. Oyler upon exercise of share options exercisable or RSUs vesting within 60 days after May 8, 2019; (iii) 10,000,000 ordinary shares held for the benefit of Mr. Oyler in a Roth IRA PENSICO trust account; (iv) 102,188 ordinary shares held by The John Oyler Legacy Trust, of which Mr. Oyler's father is a trustee, for the benefit of his minor child, for which Mr. Oyler disclaims beneficial ownership; (v) 7,743,227 ordinary shares held for the benefit of Mr. Oyler in a grantor retained annuity trust, of which Mr. Oyler's father is a trustee, for which Mr. Oyler disclaims beneficial ownership, of which 223,769 shares are held in the form of 17,213 ADSs; and (vi) 29,439,115 ordinary shares held by Oyler Investment LLC, 99% of the limited liability company interest owned by a grantor retain annuity trust, for which Mr. Oyler's father is a trustee, for which Mr. Oyler disclaims beneficial ownership. The address for this individual is c/o Mourant Governance Services (Cayman) Limited, 94 Solaris Avenue, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands.
- (6) Consists of (i) 7,272,998 ordinary shares held directly by Dr. Wang, of which 52,000 shares are held in the form of 4,000 ADSs; (ii) 6,185,533 ordinary shares issuable to Dr. Wang upon exercise of share options exercisable or RSUs vesting within 60 days after May 8, 2019; (iii) 224,372 ordinary shares held in a UTMA account for Dr. Wang's minor child, for which Dr. Wang disclaims beneficial ownership, of which 102,180 shares are held in the form of 7,860 ADSs; and (iv) 4,948,000 ordinary shares held by Wang Investment LLC, of which 99% of the limited liability company interest is owned by two grantor retained annuity trusts, of which Dr. Wang's wife is a trustee, for which Dr. Wang disclaims beneficial ownership.

Pursuant to an investors' rights agreement, as amended and restated, certain holders of our registrable shares are entitled to rights with respect to the registration of these shares under the Securities Act, including demand registration rights, short-form registration rights and piggyback registration rights. All fees, costs and expenses of underwritten registrations will be borne by us and all selling expenses, including underwriting discounts and selling commissions, will be borne by the holders of the shares being registered. The investors' rights agreement contains customary cross-indemnification provisions, under which we are obligated to indemnify holders of registrable securities in the event of material misstatements or omissions in the registration statement attributable to us, and they are obligated to indemnify us for material misstatements or omissions attributable to them. The registration rights granted under the investors' rights agreement will terminate on the fifth anniversary of the completion of our initial public offering. This registration statement of which this prospectus is a part is being filed pursuant to the investors' rights agreement on behalf of all shareholders that are entitled to registration rights under such agreement and have requested to be included.

In addition, on November 16, 2016, we entered into a registration rights agreement with 667, L.P., Baker Brothers Life Sciences, L.P. and 14159, L.P., or the Baker Entities, Hillhouse BGN Holdings Limited, Gaoling Fund, L.P. and YHG Investment, L.P., or the Hillhouse Entities, (each an "Investor" and collectively, the "Investors"), all of which were existing shareholders. The registration rights agreement provides that, subject to certain limitations, if at any time and from time to time, the Investors demand that we register our ordinary shares and any other securities held by the Investors at the time any such demand is made on a Registration Statement on Form S-3 for resale under the Securities Act, we would be obligated to effect such registration. Our registration obligations under the registration rights agreement will continue in effect for up to four years, and include our obligation to facilitate certain underwritten public offerings of our ordinary shares or ADSs by the Investors in the future. The registration rights agreement also requires us to pay expenses relating to such registrations and indemnify the Investors against certain liabilities. This registration statement of which this prospectus is a part is being filed pursuant to the registration rights agreement on behalf of all shareholders that are entitled to registration rights under such agreement and have requested to be included.

Michael Goller and Ranjeev Krishana, each a director of our Company, are employees of Baker Bros. Advisors LP, which is affiliated with certain selling shareholders. John V. Oyler is our Founder and has served as our principal executive officer and a member of our board of directors since 2010. Qingqing Yi, a director of our Company, is an employee of HCA, which is affiliated with certain selling shareholders. Xiaodong Wang is our Founder, Chairman of our scientific advisory board and director. Except for the ownership of the ordinary shares, the registration rights agreement, the investors' rights agreement and Michael Goller's, Ranjeev Krishana's, John V. Oyler's, Xiaodong Wang's, and Qingqing Yi's positions on our board of directors, John V. Oyler's service as Founder and as our principal executive officer and Xiaodong Wang's service as Founder and Chairman of our scientific advisory board, the selling shareholders have not had any material relationship with us or our affiliates within the past three years.

DESCRIPTION OF SHARE CAPITAL

Ordinary Shares

We are an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and our affairs are governed by our memorandum and articles of association, and the Companies Law (as amended) of the Cayman Islands, which we refer to as the Cayman Companies Law, and the common law of the Cayman Islands.

As of May 9, 2019, our authorized share capital was US\$1,000,000 divided into (i) 9,500,000,000 ordinary shares of a par value of US\$0.0001 each and (ii) 500,000,000 shares of a par value of

US\$0.0001 each of such class or classes (howsoever designated) as the board of directors may determine.

Our fifth amended and restated memorandum and articles of association, or our articles, was adopted by special resolution on December 7, 2018. The following are summaries of material provisions of our articles and the Cayman Companies Law insofar as they relate to the material terms of our ordinary shares. Under our articles, our name continues to be BeiGene, Ltd.

The following discussion primarily concerns ordinary shares and the rights of holders of ordinary shares. The holders of ADSs are not be treated as our shareholders and will be required to surrender their ADSs for cancellation and withdrawal from the depositary facility in which the ordinary shares are held in accordance with the provisions of the deposit agreement, as amended, in order to exercise directly shareholders' rights in respect of the ordinary shares. The depositary has agreed, so far as it is practical, to vote or cause to be voted the amount of ordinary shares represented by ADSs in accordance with the non-discretionary written instructions of the holders of such ADSs. See "Description of American Depositary Shares—Voting Rights."

General

All of our issued and outstanding ordinary shares are fully paid and non-assessable. Our ordinary shares are issued in registered form, and are issued when registered in our register of members. Each holder of our ordinary shares will be entitled to receive a certificate in respect of such ordinary shares. Our shareholders who are non-residents of the Cayman Islands may freely hold and vote their ordinary shares. We may not issue shares to bearer.

Dividends

The holders of our ordinary shares are entitled to such dividends as may be declared by our board of directors. In addition, our shareholders may by ordinary resolution declare a dividend, but no dividend may exceed the amount recommended by our directors. Under Cayman Companies Law, a Cayman Islands company may pay a dividend out of either profit or share premium account, provided that in no circumstances may a dividend be paid if this would result in the company being unable to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Voting Rights

Each ordinary share is entitled to one vote on all matters upon which the ordinary shares are entitled to vote.

Voting at any meeting of shareholders is by poll.

An ordinary resolution to be passed by the shareholders requires the affirmative vote of a simple majority of the votes cast by the shareholders entitled to vote who are present in person or by proxy at a general meeting, while a special resolution requires the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the votes cast by the shareholders entitled to vote who are present in person or by proxy at a general meeting (except for certain types of winding up of the company, in which case the required majority to pass a special resolution shall be 100%). Both ordinary resolutions and special resolutions may also be passed by a unanimous written resolution signed by all the shareholders of our company, as permitted by the Cayman Companies Law and our articles. A special resolution is required for important matters such as a change of name and amendments to our articles. Our shareholders may effect certain changes by ordinary resolution, including increasing the amount of our authorized share capital, consolidating and dividing all or any of our share capital into shares of larger amounts than our existing shares and cancelling any authorized but unissued shares.

Transfer of Ordinary Shares

Subject to the restrictions contained in our articles, any of our shareholders may transfer all or any of his or her ordinary shares by an instrument of transfer in any usual or common form or any other form approved by our board of directors, executed by or on behalf of the transferor (and, if in respect of a nil or partly paid up share, or if so required by our directors, by or on behalf of the transferee).

Our board of directors may, in its absolute discretion, decline to register any transfer of any ordinary share that has not been fully paid up or is subject to a company lien. Our board of directors may also decline to register any transfer of any ordinary share unless:

- the instrument of transfer is lodged with us, accompanied by the certificate for the ordinary shares to which it relates and such other evidence as our board of directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;
- the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of ordinary shares;
- the instrument of transfer is properly stamped, if required;
- the ordinary share transferred is fully paid and free of any lien in favor of us;
- any fee related to the transfer has been paid to us; and
- the transfer is not to more than four joint holders.

If our directors refuse to register a transfer, they are required, within three months after the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged, to send to each of the transferor and the transferee notice of such refusal.

Liquidation

On a winding up of our company, if the assets available for distribution among the holders of our ordinary shares shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the share capital at the commencement of the winding up, the surplus will be distributed among the holders of our ordinary shares on a pro rata basis in proportion to the par value of the ordinary shares held by them. If our assets available for distribution are insufficient to repay all of the paid-up capital, the assets will be distributed so that the losses are borne by the holders of our ordinary shares in proportion to the par value of the ordinary shares held by them.

The liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of our shareholders and any other sanction required by the Cayman Companies Law, divide amongst the shareholders in specie or in kind the whole or any part of the assets of our company, and may for that purpose value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between our shareholders or different classes of shareholders.

Because we are a "limited liability" company registered under the Cayman Companies Law, the liability of our shareholders is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares respectively held by them. Our articles contain a declaration that the liability of our shareholders is so limited.

Calls on Ordinary Shares and Forfeiture of Ordinary Shares

Our board of directors may from time to time make calls upon shareholders for any amounts unpaid on their ordinary shares. The ordinary shares that have been called upon and remain unpaid are subject to forfeiture by the company. In addition, the holders of partly paid ordinary shares will have no right pursuant to the Cayman Companies Law to dividends nor will they be able to redeem their shares.

Redemption, Repurchase and Surrender of Ordinary Shares

We may issue shares on terms that such shares are subject to redemption, at our option or at the option of the holders thereof, on such terms and in such manner as may be determined by our board of directors. We may also repurchase any of our shares provided that the manner and terms of such purchase have been approved by our board of directors or by ordinary resolution of our shareholders (but no repurchase may be made contrary to the terms or manner recommended by our directors), or as otherwise authorized by our articles. Under the Cayman Companies Law, the redemption or repurchase of any share may be paid out of our company's profits or out of the proceeds of a new issue of shares made for the purpose of such redemption or repurchase, or out of capital (including share premium account and capital redemption reserve) if our company can, immediately following such payment, pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. In addition, under the Cayman Companies Law no such share may be redeemed or repurchased (1) unless it is fully paid up, (2) if such redemption or repurchase would result in there being no shares outstanding or (3) if the company has commenced liquidation. In addition, our company may accept the surrender of any fully paid share for no consideration.

Variations of Rights of Shares

If at any time our share capital is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights attached to any class of shares may be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of two-thirds of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights will not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* with such existing class of shares.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, our board of directors may issue preferred shares, without further action by the shareholders. See "Description of Share Capital—Differences in Corporate Law—Directors' Power to Issue Shares."

General Meetings of Shareholders

Shareholders' meetings may be convened by a majority of our board of directors or our Chairman. As a Cayman Islands exempted company, we are not obligated by the Cayman Companies Law to call shareholders' annual general meetings; however, our corporate governance guidelines provide that we will hold an annual general meeting of shareholders every year to the extent required by NASDAQ Stock Market Rules. The annual general meeting shall be held at such time and place as may be determined by our board of directors.

The Cayman Companies Law provides shareholders with only limited rights to requisition a general meeting, and does not provide shareholders with any right to put any proposal before a general meeting. However, these rights may be provided in a company's articles of association. Our articles provide that upon the requisition of shareholders representing not less than one-tenth of the voting rights entitled to vote at general meetings, our board will convene an extraordinary general meeting and put the resolutions so requisitioned to a vote at such meeting. However, shareholders may propose only ordinary resolutions to be put to a vote at such meeting. Our articles will provide no other right to put any proposals before annual general meetings or extraordinary general meetings.

Advance notice of at least 21 calendar days is required for the convening of any annual general meeting of our shareholders and advance notice of at least 14 days is required for the convening of any other general meeting of our shareholders (including any extraordinary general meeting). All general meetings of shareholders shall occur at such time and place as determined by our directors and set forth in the notice for such meeting.

The quorum required for a general meeting of shareholders at which an ordinary resolution has been proposed consists of such shareholders present in person or by proxy who together hold shares which carry the right to at least a simple majority of all votes capable of being exercised on a poll. The quorum required for a general meeting at which a special resolution has been proposed consists of such shareholders present in person or by proxy who together hold shares which carry the right to at least two-thirds of all votes capable of being exercised on a poll.

Nomination, Election and Removal of Directors

Our articles provide that persons standing for election as directors at a duly constituted general meeting of shareholders with a requisite quorum shall be elected by an ordinary resolution of our shareholders, which requires the affirmative vote of a simple majority of the votes cast on the resolution by the shareholders entitled to vote who are present in person or by proxy at the meeting. Our articles further provide that our board of directors will be divided into three groups designated as Class I, Class II and Class III with as nearly equal a number of directors in each group as possible, with each director serving a three-year term and until his or her successor is duly elected and qualified, subject to his or her earlier resignation or removal.

Upon the expiration of the term of each class, each director in that class, if nominated by the board of directors, shall be eligible for re-election at the annual general meeting to hold office for another three-year term and until such director's successor has been duly elected. Our articles provide that, unless otherwise determined by shareholders in a general meeting, our board of directors will consist of not less than three directors. We have no provisions relating to retirement of directors upon reaching a specified age.

In the event of a vacancy arising from the resignation of a director or as an addition to the existing board, our board of directors may, by the affirmative vote of a simple majority of the remaining directors present and voting at a board meeting, appoint any person to be a director, unless the board resolves to follow any available exceptions or exemptions.

For so long as our ordinary shares or ADSs are listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, and the HKEx, our directors are required to comply with the director nomination procedures of the NASDAQ Stock Market and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, or HK Listing Rules, and our board of directors is required to include at least such number of independent directors as required by the NASDAQ Stock Market Rules and the HK Listing Rules.

Our board shall have a chairman who has been elected and appointed by a majority of the directors then in office. The period for which our chairman holds office shall also be determined by a majority of all of our directors then in office. Our chairman shall preside as chairman at every meeting of our board. To the extent that our chairman is not present at a meeting of our board within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the remaining attending directors may choose one of their number to be the chairman of that meeting.

Our directors shall be elected by an ordinary resolution of the holders of ordinary shares at each annual general meeting of the company to fill the seats of those directors whose terms expire at such annual general meeting.

Each of our directors shall hold office until his successor is duly elected or appointed or his earlier resignation or removal, notwithstanding any agreement between the company and the director. Our directors may be removed at any time by an affirmative vote of a simple majority of the issued shares as of the applicable record date, with or without cause.

Our board may, from time to time, and except as required by applicable law, the NASDAQ Stock Market Rules or the HK Listing Rules, adopt, institute, amend, modify or revoke any of our corporate

governance policies or initiatives of the company, which shall be intended to set forth the guiding principles and policies of the company and our board on various corporate governance related matters as the board shall determine by resolution from time to time.

Proceedings of Board of Directors

Our articles provide that our business is to be managed and conducted by our board of directors. The quorum necessary for a board meeting may be fixed by the board and, unless so fixed at another number, will be a majority of the directors.

Our articles provide that the board may from time to time at its discretion exercise all powers of our company to raise capital or borrow money, to mortgage or charge all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital of our company and, subject to the Cayman Companies Law, issue debentures, bonds and other securities of our company, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of our company or of any third party.

Inspection of Books and Records

Holders of our ordinary shares will have no general right under Cayman Companies Law to inspect or obtain copies of our list of shareholders or our corporate records provided that they are entitled to a copy of the current amended and restated memorandum and articles of association.

Changes in Capital

Our shareholders may from time to time by ordinary resolution:

- increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such classes and amount, as the resolution shall prescribe;
- consolidate and divide all or any of our share capital into shares of a larger amount than our existing shares;
- sub-divide our existing shares, or any of them into shares of a smaller amount, provided that in the subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in case of the share from which the reduced share is derived; or
- cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of our share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

Our shareholders may by special resolution, subject to any confirmation or consent required by the Cayman Companies Law, reduce our share capital or any capital redemption reserve in any manner permitted by law.

Restrictive Provisions

Under our articles, in connection with any change of control, merger or sale of our company, the holders of our ordinary shares shall receive the same consideration with respect to their ordinary shares in connection with any such transaction.

Claims Against the Company

Our articles provide that, unless otherwise determined by a simple majority of our board of directors in its sole discretion, consistent with the directors' fiduciary duties to act in the best interests

of the company, in the event that (1) any shareholder (the claiming party) initiates or asserts any claim or counterclaim or joins, offers substantial assistance to or has a direct financial interest in any claim against our company and (2) the claiming party (or the third party that received substantial assistance from the claiming party or in whose claim the claiming party had a direct financial interest) does not obtain a judgment on the merits in which the claiming party prevails, then each claiming party shall, to the fullest extent permissible by law, be obligated jointly and severally to reimburse us for all fees, costs and expenses (including, but not limited to, all reasonable attorneys' fees and other litigation expenses) that we may incur in connection with such claim.

Exclusive Forum

Our articles provide that, subject to limited exceptions, the courts of Cayman Islands will be the sole and exclusive forum for (1) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf, (2) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers or other employees to us or our shareholders, (3) any action asserting a claim against us arising pursuant to any provision of the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands or the articles of association, or (4) any other action asserting a claim against us that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine (as such concept is recognized under the laws of the United States). Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in our share capital shall be deemed to have notice of and to have consented to the provisions of our articles of association described above. Although we believe these provisions benefit us by providing increased consistency in the application of Cayman Islands law for the specified types of actions and proceedings, the provisions may have the effect of discouraging lawsuits against our directors and officers. It is possible that, in connection with one or more actions or proceedings described above, a court could find the choice of forum provisions contained in our articles of association to be inapplicable or unenforceable.

Exempted Company

We are an exempted company with limited liability incorporated under the Cayman Companies Law. The Cayman Companies Law distinguishes between ordinary resident companies and exempted companies. Any company that is registered in the Cayman Islands but conducts business mainly outside of the Cayman Islands may apply to be registered as an exempted company. The requirements for an exempted company are essentially the same as for an ordinary company except for the exemptions and privileges listed below:

- an exempted company does not have to file an annual return of its shareholders with the Registrar of Companies;
- an exempted company's register of members is not open to inspection;
- an exempted company does not have to hold an annual general meeting;
- an exempted company may issue no par value, negotiable or bearer shares;
- an exempted company may obtain an undertaking against the imposition of any future taxation (such undertakings are usually given for 20 years in the first instance);
- an exempted company may register by way of continuation in another jurisdiction and be deregistered in the Cayman Islands;
- an exempted company may register as a limited duration company; and
- an exempted company may register as a segregated portfolio company.

"Limited liability" means that the liability of each shareholder is limited to the amount unpaid by the shareholder on the shares of the company.

We are subject to reporting and other informational requirements of the Exchange Act, as applicable to U.S. domestic issuers. The NASDAQ Stock Market Rules require that every company listed on the NASDAQ hold an annual general meeting of shareholders. In addition, our articles allow directors to call an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders pursuant to the procedures set forth in our articles.

Register of Members

Under the Cayman Companies Law, we must keep a register of members and there should be entered therein:

- the names and addresses of our members, a statement of the shares held by each member, and of the amount paid or agreed to be considered as paid, on the shares of each member;
- the date on which the name of any person was entered on the register as a member; and
- the date on which any person ceased to be a member.

Under Cayman Companies Law, the register of members of our company is prima facie evidence of the matters set out in the register (that is, the register of members will raise a presumption of fact on the matters referred to above unless rebutted) and a member registered in the register of members is deemed as a matter of Cayman Companies Law to have legal title to the shares as set against its name in the register of members. Once our register of members has been updated, the shareholders recorded in the register of members will be deemed to have legal title to the shares set against their names.

If the name of any person is incorrectly entered in or omitted from our register of members, or if there is any default or unnecessary delay in entering on the register the fact of any person having ceased to be a member of our company, the person or member aggrieved (or any member of our company or our company itself) may apply to the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands for an order that the register be rectified, and the Court may either refuse such application or it may, if satisfied of the justice of the case, make an order for the rectification of the register.

Differences in Corporate Law

The Cayman Companies Law is derived, to a large extent, from the older Companies Acts of England and Wales but does not follow recent United Kingdom statutory enactments, and accordingly there are significant differences between the Cayman Companies Law and the current Companies Act of England. In addition, the Cayman Companies Law differs from laws applicable to United States corporations and their shareholders. Set forth below is a summary of certain significant differences between the provisions of the Cayman Companies Law applicable to us and the comparable laws applicable to companies incorporated in the State of Delaware in the United States.

Mergers and Similar Arrangements

The Cayman Companies Law permits mergers and consolidations between Cayman Islands companies and between Cayman Islands companies and non-Cayman Islands companies. For these purposes, (1) "merger" means the merging of two or more constituent companies and the vesting of their undertaking, property and liabilities in one of such companies as the surviving company, and (2) a "consolidation" means the combination of two or more constituent companies into a consolidated company and the vesting of the undertaking, property and liabilities of such companies to the consolidated company. In order to effect such a merger or consolidation, the directors of each constituent company must approve a written plan of merger or consolidation, which must then be authorized by (1) a special resolution of the shareholders of each constituent company, and (2) such other authorization, if any, as may be specified in such constituent company's articles of association.

The plan must be filed with the Registrar of Companies together with a declaration as to the solvency of the consolidated or surviving company, a list of the assets and liabilities of each constituent company and an undertaking that a copy of the certificate of merger or consolidation will be given to the members and creditors of each constituent company and that notification of the merger or consolidation will be published in the Cayman Islands Gazette. Court approval is not required for a merger or consolidation effected in compliance with these statutory procedures.

A merger between a Cayman parent company and its Cayman subsidiary or subsidiaries does not require authorization by a resolution of shareholders. For this purpose a subsidiary is a company of which at least 90% of the issued shares entitled to vote are owned by the parent company.

The consent of each holder of a fixed or floating security interest of a constituent company is required unless this requirement is waived by a court in the Cayman Islands.

Except in certain limited circumstances, a dissenting shareholder of a Cayman Islands constituent company is entitled to payment of the fair value of his or her shares upon dissenting from a merger or consolidation. The exercise of such dissenter rights will preclude the exercise by the dissenting shareholder of any other rights to which he or she might otherwise be entitled by virtue of holding shares, except for the right to seek relief on the grounds that the merger or consolidation is void or unlawful.

In addition, there are statutory provisions that facilitate the reconstruction and amalgamation of companies, provided that the arrangement is approved by a majority in number of each class of shareholders and creditors with whom the arrangement is to be made, and who must, in addition, represent three-fourths in value of each such class of shareholders or creditors, as the case may be, that are present and voting either in person or by proxy at a meeting, or meetings, convened for that purpose. The convening of the meetings and subsequently the arrangement must be sanctioned by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands. While a dissenting shareholder has the right to express to the court the view that the transaction ought not to be approved, the court can be expected to approve the arrangement if it determines that:

- the statutory provisions as to the required majority vote have been met;
- the shareholders have been fairly represented at the meeting in question and the statutory majority are acting bona fide without coercion of the minority to promote interests adverse to those of the class;
- the arrangement is such that may be reasonably approved by an intelligent and honest man of that class acting in respect of his interest; and
- the arrangement is not one that would more properly be sanctioned under some other provision of the Cayman Companies Law.

When a takeover offer is made and accepted by holders of 90% of the shares affected within four months the offeror may, within a two-month period commencing on the expiration of such four-month period, require the holders of the remaining shares to transfer such shares on the terms of the offer. An objection can be made to the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands but this is unlikely to succeed in the case of an offer which has been so approved unless there is evidence of fraud, bad faith or collusion.

If an arrangement and reconstruction is thus approved, or if a takeover offer is made and accepted, a dissenting shareholder would have no rights comparable to appraisal rights, which would otherwise ordinarily be available to dissenting shareholders of Delaware corporations, providing rights to receive payment in cash for the judicially determined value of the shares.

Shareholders' Suits

In principle, we will normally be the proper plaintiff to sue for a wrong done to us as a company, and as a general rule, a derivative action may not be brought by a minority shareholder. However, based on English law authorities, which would in all likelihood be of persuasive authority in the Cayman Islands, the Cayman Islands courts can be expected to follow and apply the common law principles (namely the rule in *Foss v. Harbottle* and the exceptions thereto) so that a non-controlling shareholder may be permitted to commence a class action against or derivative actions in the name of the company to challenge:

- an act that is illegal or ultra vires with respect to the company and is therefore incapable of ratification by the shareholders;
- an act that, although not ultra vires, requires authorization by a qualified (or special) majority (that is, more than a simple majority) that has not been obtained; and
- an act that constitutes a "fraud on the minority" where the wrongdoers are themselves in control of the company.

Indemnification of Directors and Executive Officers and Limitation of Liability

The Cayman Companies Law does not limit the extent to which a company's articles of association may provide for indemnification of officers and directors, except to the extent any such provision may be held by the Cayman Islands courts to be contrary to public policy, such as to provide indemnification against civil fraud or the consequences of committing a crime. Our articles provide that we shall indemnify our officers and directors against all actions, proceedings, costs, charges, expenses, losses, damages or liabilities incurred or sustained by such directors or officer, other than by reason of such person's dishonesty, willful default or fraud, in or about the conduct of our company's business or affairs (including as a result of any mistake of judgment) or in the execution or discharge of his duties, powers, authorities or discretions, including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any costs, expenses, losses or liabilities incurred by such director or officer in defending (whether successfully or otherwise) any civil proceedings concerning our company or its affairs in any court whether in the Cayman Islands or elsewhere. This standard of conduct is generally the same as permitted under the Delaware General Corporation Law for a Delaware corporation. In addition, we intend to enter into indemnification agreements with our directors and executive officers that will provide such persons with additional indemnification beyond that provided in our articles.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to our directors, officers or persons controlling us under the foregoing provisions, we have been informed that, in the opinion of the SEC, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

Anti-Takeover Provisions in Our Articles

Some provisions of our articles may discourage, delay or prevent a change in control of our company or management that shareholders may consider favorable, including limitations on shareholder rights to nominate or remove directors, as well as provisions that authorize our board of directors to issue preferred shares in one or more series and to designate the price, rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions of such preferred shares without any further vote or action by our shareholders.

Under the Cayman Companies Law, our directors may only exercise the rights and powers granted to them under our articles, as amended and restated from time to time, for what they believe in good faith to be in the best interests of our company and for a proper purpose.

Directors' Fiduciary Duties

Under Delaware corporate law, a director of a Delaware corporation has a fiduciary duty to the corporation and its shareholders. This duty has two components: the duty of care and the duty of loyalty. The duty of care requires that a director act in good faith, with the care that an ordinarily prudent person would exercise under similar circumstances. Under this duty, a director must inform himself of, and disclose to shareholders, all material information reasonably available regarding a significant transaction. The duty of loyalty requires that a director act in a manner he or she reasonably believes to be in the best interests of the corporation. He or she must not use his or her corporate position for personal gain or advantage. This duty prohibits self-dealing by a director and mandates that the best interests of the corporation and its shareholders take precedence over any interest possessed by a director, officer or controlling shareholder and not shared by the shareholders generally. In general, actions of a director are presumed to have been made on an informed basis, in good faith and in the honest belief that the action taken was in the best interests of the corporation. However, this presumption may be rebutted by evidence of a breach of one of the fiduciary duties. Should such evidence be presented concerning a transaction by a director, a director must prove the transaction was procedurally fair and provided fair value to the corporation.

As a matter of Cayman law, a director of a Cayman Islands company is in the position of a fiduciary with respect to the company and therefore owes the following duties to the company—a duty to act bona fide in the best interests of the company, a duty not to make a profit based on his or her position as director (unless the company permits him or her to do so), a duty not to put himself or herself in a position where the interests of the company conflict with his or her personal interest or his or her duty to a third party, and a duty to exercise powers for the purpose for which such powers were intended. A director of a Cayman Islands company owes to the company a duty to act with skill and care. It was previously considered that a director need not exhibit in the performance of his or her duties a greater degree of skill than may reasonably be expected from a person of his or her knowledge and experience. However, English and Commonwealth courts have moved towards an objective standard with regard to the required skill and care, and these authorities are likely to be followed in the Cayman Islands.

Shareholder Proposals

Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, a shareholder has the right to put any proposal before the annual meeting of shareholders, provided it complies with the notice provisions in the governing documents. The Delaware General Corporation Law does not provide shareholders an express right to put any proposal before the annual meeting of shareholders, but in keeping with common law, Delaware corporations generally afford shareholders an opportunity to make proposals and nominations provided that they comply with the notice provisions in the certificate of incorporation or bylaws. A special meeting may be called by the board of directors or any other person authorized to do so in the governing documents, but shareholders may be precluded from calling special meetings.

The Cayman Companies Law provides shareholders with only limited rights to requisition a general meeting, and does not provide shareholders with any right to put any proposal before a general meeting. However, these rights may be provided in a company's articles of association. Our articles allow our shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the voting rights entitled to vote at general meetings to requisition an extraordinary general meeting of our shareholders, in which case our board is obliged to convene an extraordinary general meeting and to put the resolutions so requisitioned to a vote at such meeting. However, our shareholders may propose only ordinary resolutions to be put to a vote at such meetings. Our articles provide no other right to put any proposals before annual general meetings or extraordinary general meetings. As a Cayman Islands exempted company, we are not obligated by law to call shareholders' annual general meetings.

However, our corporate governance guidelines require us to call such meetings every year to the extent required by NASDAQ Stock Market Rules and/or HK Listing Rules.

Cumulative Voting

Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, cumulative voting for elections of directors is not permitted unless the corporation's certificate of incorporation specifically provides for it. Cumulative voting potentially facilitates the representation of minority shareholders on a board of directors since it permits the minority shareholder to cast all the votes to which the shareholder is entitled on a single director, which increases the shareholder's voting power with respect to electing such director. As permitted under the Cayman Companies Law, our articles do not provide for cumulative voting. As a result, our shareholders are not afforded any less protections or rights on this issue than shareholders of a Delaware corporation.

Removal of Directors

Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, a director of a corporation with a classified board may be removed only for cause with the approval of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote, unless the certificate of incorporation provides otherwise. Under our articles, any director may be removed by an affirmative vote of a simple majority of the issued shares as of the applicable record date, with or without cause.

Transactions with Interested Shareholders

The Delaware General Corporation Law contains a business combination statute applicable to Delaware public corporations whereby, unless the corporation has specifically elected not to be governed by such statute by amendment to its certificate of incorporation or bylaws that is approved by its shareholders, it is prohibited from engaging in certain business combinations with an "interested shareholder" for three years following the date that such person becomes an interested shareholder. An interested shareholder generally is a person or a group who or which owns or owned 15% or more of the target's outstanding voting stock or who or which is an affiliate or associate of the corporation and owned 15% or more of the corporation's outstanding voting stock within the past three years. This has the effect of limiting the ability of a potential acquirer to make a two-tiered bid for the target in which all shareholders would not be treated equally. The statute does not apply if, among other things, prior to the date on which such shareholder becomes an interested shareholder, the board of directors approves either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the person becoming an interested shareholder. This encourages any potential acquirer of a Delaware corporation to negotiate the terms of any acquisition transaction with the target's board of directors.

The Cayman Companies Law has no comparable statute. As a result, we cannot avail ourselves of the types of protections afforded by the Delaware business combination statute. However, although the Cayman Companies Law does not regulate transactions between a company and its significant shareholders, it does provide that such transactions must be entered into bona fide in the best interests of the company and for a proper corporate purpose and not with the effect of constituting a fraud on the minority shareholders.

Dissolution; Winding Up

Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, unless the board of directors approves the proposal to dissolve, dissolution must be approved by shareholders holding 100% of the total voting power of the corporation. Only if the dissolution is initiated by the board of directors may it be approved by a simple majority of the corporation's outstanding shares. Delaware law allows a Delaware

corporation to include in its certificate of incorporation a supermajority voting requirement in connection with dissolutions initiated by the board of directors.

Under the Cayman Companies Law and our articles, our company may be wound up only upon resolution of shareholders holding 100% of the total voting rights entitled to vote or if the winding up is initiated by our board of directors, by either a special resolution of our members or, if our company is unable to pay its debts as they fall due, by an ordinary resolution of our members. In addition, a company may be wound up by an order of the courts of the Cayman Islands. The court has authority to order winding up in a number of specified circumstances including where it is, in the opinion of the court, just and equitable to do so.

Variation of Rights of Shares

Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, a corporation may vary the rights of a class of shares with the approval of a majority of the outstanding shares of such class, unless the certificate of incorporation provides otherwise. Under the Cayman Companies Law and our articles, if our share capital is divided into more than one class of shares, we may materially and adversely vary the rights attached to any class only with the consent in writing of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.

Amendment of Governing Documents

Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, a corporation's certificate of incorporation may be amended only if adopted and declared advisable by the board of directors and approved by a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote, and the bylaws may be amended with the approval of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote and may, if so provided in the certificate of incorporation, also be amended by the board of directors. Under the Cayman Companies Law and our articles, our articles may only be amended by special resolution of our shareholders.

Rights of Non-Resident or Foreign Shareholders

There are no limitations imposed by our articles on the rights of non-resident or foreign shareholders to hold or exercise voting rights on our shares. In addition, there are no provisions in our articles governing the ownership threshold above which shareholder ownership must be disclosed.

Directors' Power to Issue Shares

Under our articles, our board of directors is empowered to issue or allot shares or grant options, restricted shares, restricted share units, share appreciation rights, dividend equivalent rights, warrants and analogous equity-based rights with or without preferred, deferred, qualified or other special rights or restrictions. In particular, pursuant to our articles, our board of directors has the authority, without further action by the shareholders, to issue all or any part of our capital and to fix the designations, powers, preferences, privileges, and relative participating, optional or special rights and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions therefrom, including dividend rights, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption and liquidation preferences, any or all of which may be greater than the rights of our ordinary shares. Our board of directors, without shareholder approval, may issue preferred shares with voting, conversion or other rights that could adversely affect the voting power and other rights of holders of our ordinary shares. Subject to the directors' duty of acting in the best interest of our company, preferred shares can be issued quickly with terms calculated to delay or prevent a change in control of us or make removal of management more difficult. Additionally, the issuance of preferred shares may have the effect of decreasing the market price of the ordinary shares, and may adversely affect the voting and other rights of the holders of ordinary shares.

Inspection of Books and Records

Holders of our ordinary shares will have no general right under the Cayman Companies Law to inspect or obtain copies of our list of shareholders or our corporate records. However, we will provide our shareholders with annual audited financial statements. See "Where You Can Find More Information."

Description of American Depositary Shares

Citibank, N.A. acts as the depositary bank for the American Depositary Shares. Citibank's depositary offices are located at 388 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10013. American Depositary Shares are frequently referred to as "ADSs" and represent ownership interests in securities that are on deposit with the depositary bank. ADSs may be represented by certificates that are commonly known as "American Depositary Receipts" or "ADRs." *The depositary bank typically appoints a custodian to safe-keep the securities on deposit. In this case, the custodian is Citibank Hong Kong, presently located at 9/F, Citi Tower, One Bay East, 83 Hoi Bun Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.*

We have appointed Citibank as depositary bank pursuant to a deposit agreement. A copy of the deposit agreement, as amended, is on file with the SEC under cover of a Registration Statement on Form F-6. You may obtain a copy of the deposit agreement from the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 and from the SEC's website (www.sec.gov). Please refer to Registration Number 333-209044 when retrieving such copy.

We are providing you with a summary description of the material terms of the ADSs and of your material rights as an owner of ADSs. Please remember that summaries by their nature lack the precision of the information summarized and that the rights and obligations of an owner of ADSs will be determined by reference to the terms of the deposit agreement and not by this summary. *We urge you to review the deposit agreement in its entirety. The portions of this summary description that are italicized describe matters that may be relevant to the ownership of ADSs but that may not be contained in the deposit agreement.*

Each ADS represents the right to receive, and to exercise the beneficial ownership interests in, 13 ordinary shares that are on deposit with the depositary bank and/or custodian. An ADS also represents the right to receive, and to exercise the beneficial interests in, any other property received by the depositary bank or the custodian on behalf of the owner of the ADS but that has not been distributed to the owners of ADSs because of legal restrictions or practical considerations. The custodian, the depositary bank and their respective nominees will hold all deposited property for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of ADSs. The deposited property does not constitute the proprietary assets of the depositary bank, the custodian or their nominees. Beneficial ownership in the deposited property will under the terms of the deposit agreement be vested in the beneficial owners of the ADSs. *The depositary bank, the custodian and their respective nominees will be the record holders of the deposited property represented by the ADSs for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the corresponding ADSs. A beneficial owner of ADSs may or may not be the holder of ADSs. Beneficial owners of ADSs will be able to receive, and to exercise beneficial ownership interests in, the deposited property only through the registered holders of the ADSs, the registered holders of the ADSs (on behalf of the applicable ADS owners) only through the depositary bank, and the depositary bank (on behalf of the owners of the corresponding ADSs) directly, or indirectly, through the custodian or their respective nominees, in each case upon the terms of the deposit agreement.*

If you become an owner of ADSs, you will become a party to the deposit agreement and therefore will be bound to its terms and to the terms of any ADR that represents your ADSs. The deposit agreement and the ADR specify our rights and obligations as well as your rights and obligations as owner of ADSs and those of the depositary bank. As an ADS holder you appoint the depositary bank to act on your behalf in certain circumstances. The deposit agreement and the ADRs are governed by

New York law. However, our obligations to the holders of the ordinary shares will continue to be governed by the laws of the Cayman Islands, which may be different from the laws in the United States.

In addition, applicable laws and regulations may require you to satisfy reporting requirements and obtain regulatory approvals in certain circumstances. You are solely responsible for complying with such reporting requirements and obtaining such approvals. Neither the depositary bank, the custodian, us or any of their or our respective agents or affiliates shall be required to take any actions whatsoever on your behalf to satisfy such reporting requirements or obtain such regulatory approvals under applicable laws and regulations.

As an owner of ADSs, we will not treat you as one of our shareholders and you will not have direct shareholder rights. The depositary bank will hold on your behalf the shareholder rights attached to the ordinary shares underlying your ADSs. As an owner of ADSs you will be able to exercise the shareholders rights for the ordinary shares represented by your ADSs through the depositary bank only to the extent contemplated in the deposit agreement. To exercise any shareholder rights not contemplated in the deposit agreement you will, as an ADS owner, need to arrange for the cancellation of your ADSs and become a direct shareholder.

As an owner of ADSs, you may hold your ADSs either by means of an ADR registered in your name, through a brokerage or safekeeping account, or through an account established by the depositary bank in your name reflecting the registration of uncertificated ADSs directly on the books of the depositary bank (commonly referred to as the "direct registration system" or "DRS"). The direct registration system reflects the uncertificated (book-entry) registration of ownership of ADSs by the depositary bank. Under the direct registration system, ownership of ADSs is evidenced by periodic statements issued by the depositary bank to the holders of the ADSs. The direct registration system includes automated transfers between the depositary bank and The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), the central book-entry clearing and settlement system for equity securities in the United States. If you decide to hold your ADSs through your brokerage or safekeeping account, you must rely on the procedures of your broker or bank to assert your rights as ADS owner. Banks and brokers typically hold securities such as the ADSs through clearing and settlement systems such as DTC. The procedures of such clearing and settlement systems may limit your ability to exercise your rights as an owner of ADSs. Please consult with your broker or bank if you have any questions concerning these limitations and procedures. All ADSs held through DTC will be registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. This summary description assumes you have opted to own the ADSs directly by means of an ADS registered in your name and, as such, we will refer to you as the "holder." When we refer to "you," we assume the reader owns ADSs and will own ADSs at the relevant time.

The registration of the ordinary shares in the name of the depositary bank or the custodian shall, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, vest in the depositary bank or the custodian the record ownership in the applicable ordinary shares with the beneficial ownership rights and interests in such ordinary shares being at all times vested with the beneficial owners of the ADSs representing the ordinary shares. The depositary bank or the custodian shall at all times be entitled to exercise the beneficial ownership rights in all deposited property, in each case only on behalf of the holders and beneficial owners of the ADSs representing the deposited property.

Dividends and Distributions

As a holder of ADSs, you generally have the right to receive the distributions we make on the securities deposited with the custodian. Your receipt of these distributions may be limited, however, by practical considerations and legal limitations. Holders of ADSs will receive such distributions under the terms of the deposit agreement in proportion to the number of ADSs held as of the specified record date, after deduction of the applicable fees, taxes and expenses.

Distributions of Cash

Whenever we make a cash distribution for the securities on deposit with the custodian, we will deposit the funds with the custodian. Upon receipt of confirmation of the deposit of the requisite funds, the depositary bank will arrange for the funds to be converted into U.S. dollars and for the distribution of the U.S. dollars to the holders, subject to the Cayman Islands laws and regulations.

The conversion into U.S. dollars will take place only if practicable and if the U.S. dollars are transferable to the United States. The depositary bank will apply the same method for distributing the proceeds of the sale of any property (such as undistributed rights) held by the custodian in respect of securities on deposit.

The distribution of cash will be made net of the fees, expenses, taxes and governmental charges payable by holders under the terms of the deposit agreement. The depositary bank will hold any cash amounts it is unable to distribute in a non-interest bearing account for the benefit of the applicable holders and beneficial owners of ADSs until the distribution can be effected or the funds that the depositary bank holds must be escheated as unclaimed property in accordance with the laws of the relevant states of the United States.

Distributions of Shares

Whenever we make a free distribution of the ordinary shares for the securities on deposit with the custodian, we will deposit the applicable number of the ordinary shares with the custodian. Upon receipt of confirmation of such deposit, the depositary bank will either distribute to holders new ADSs representing the ordinary shares deposited or modify the ADS-to-ordinary share ratio, in which case each ADS you hold will represent rights and interests in the additional ordinary shares so deposited. Only whole new ADSs will be distributed. Fractional entitlements will be sold and the proceeds of such sale will be distributed as in the case of a cash distribution.

The distribution of new ADSs or the modification of the ADS-to-ordinary share ratio upon a distribution of the ordinary shares will be made net of the fees, expenses, taxes and governmental charges payable by holders under the terms of the deposit agreement. In order to pay such taxes or governmental charges, the depositary bank may sell all or a portion of the new ordinary shares so distributed.

No such distribution of new ADSs will be made if it would violate a law (i.e., the U.S. securities laws) or if it is not operationally practicable. If the depositary bank does not distribute new ADSs as described above, it may sell the ordinary shares received upon the terms described in the deposit agreement and will distribute the proceeds of the sale as in the case of a distribution of cash.

Distributions of Rights

Whenever we intend to distribute rights to purchase additional ordinary shares, we will give prior notice to the depositary bank and we will assist the depositary bank in determining whether it is lawful and reasonably practicable to distribute rights to purchase additional ADSs to holders.

The depositary bank will establish procedures to distribute rights to purchase additional ADSs to holders and to enable such holders to exercise such rights if it is lawful and reasonably practicable to make the rights available to holders of ADSs, and if we provide all of the documentation contemplated in the deposit agreement (such as opinions to address the lawfulness of the transaction). You may have to pay fees, expenses, taxes and other governmental charges to subscribe for the new ADSs upon the exercise of your rights. The depositary bank is not obligated to establish procedures to facilitate the distribution and exercise by holders of rights to purchase new ordinary shares other than in the form of ADSs.

The depositary bank will *not* distribute the rights to you if:

- We do not timely request that the rights be distributed to you or we request that the rights not be distributed to you;
- We fail to deliver satisfactory documents to the depositary bank; or
- It is not reasonably practicable to distribute the rights.

The depositary bank will sell the rights that are not exercised or not distributed if such sale is lawful and reasonably practicable. The proceeds of such sale will be distributed to holders as in the case of a cash distribution. If the depositary bank is unable to sell the rights, it will allow the rights to lapse.

Elective Distributions

Whenever we intend to distribute a dividend payable at the election of shareholders either in cash or in additional shares, we will give prior notice thereof to the depositary bank and will indicate whether we wish the elective distribution to be made available to you. In such case, we will assist the depositary bank in determining whether such distribution is lawful and reasonably practicable.

The depositary bank will make the election available to you only if it is reasonably practicable and if we have provided all of the documentation contemplated in the deposit agreement. In such case, the depositary bank will establish procedures to enable you to elect to receive either cash or additional ADSs, in each case as described in the deposit agreement.

If the election is not made available to you, you will receive either cash or additional ADSs, depending on what a shareholder in the Cayman Islands would receive upon failing to make an election, as more fully described in the deposit agreement.

Other Distributions

Whenever we intend to distribute property other than cash, ordinary shares or rights to purchase additional ordinary shares, we will notify the depositary bank in advance and will indicate whether we wish such distribution to be made to you. If so, we will assist the depositary bank in determining whether such distribution to holders is lawful and reasonably practicable.

If it is reasonably practicable to distribute such property to you and if we provide all of the documentation contemplated in the deposit agreement, the depositary bank will distribute the property to the holders in a manner it deems practicable.

The distribution will be made net of fees, expenses, taxes and governmental charges payable by holders under the terms of the deposit agreement. In order to pay such taxes and governmental charges, the depositary bank may sell all or a portion of the property received.

The depositary bank will not distribute the property to you and will sell the property if:

- We do not request that the property be distributed to you or if we ask that the property not be distributed to you;
- We do not deliver satisfactory documents to the depositary bank; or
- The depositary bank determines that all or a portion of the distribution to you is not reasonably practicable.

The proceeds of such a sale will be distributed to holders as in the case of a cash distribution.

Redemption

Whenever we decide to redeem any of the securities on deposit with the custodian, we will notify the depositary bank in advance. If it is practicable and if we provide all of the documentation contemplated in the deposit agreement, the depositary bank will provide notice of the redemption to the holders.

The custodian will be instructed to surrender the shares being redeemed against payment of the applicable redemption price. The depositary bank will convert the redemption funds received into U.S. dollars upon the terms of the deposit agreement and will establish procedures to enable holders to receive the net proceeds from the redemption upon surrender of their ADSs to the depositary bank. You may have to pay fees, expenses, taxes and other governmental charges upon the redemption of your ADSs. If less than all ADSs are being redeemed, the ADSs to be retired will be selected by lot or on a pro rata basis, as the depositary bank may determine.

Changes Affecting Ordinary Shares

The ordinary shares held on deposit for your ADSs may change from time to time. For example, there may be a change in nominal or par value, split-up, cancellation, consolidation or any other reclassification of such ordinary shares or a recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation or sale of assets of BeiGene.

If any such change were to occur, your ADSs would, to the extent permitted by law, represent the right to receive the property received or exchanged in respect of the ordinary shares held on deposit. The depositary bank may in such circumstances deliver new ADSs to you, amend the deposit agreement, the ADRs and the applicable Registration Statement(s) on Form F-6, call for the exchange of your existing ADSs for new ADSs and take any other actions that are appropriate to reflect as to the ADSs the change affecting the ordinary shares. If the depositary bank may not lawfully distribute such property to you, the depositary bank may sell such property and distribute the net proceeds to you as in the case of a cash distribution.

Issuance of ADSs Upon Deposit of Ordinary Shares

Upon completion of this offering, certain ordinary shares being offered pursuant to this prospectus may be deposited by the selling shareholders with the custodian. Upon receipt of confirmation of such deposit, the depositary bank will issue ADSs in the manner described above in this prospectus.

In addition, the depositary bank may create ADSs on behalf of investors who deposit ordinary shares with the custodian. The depositary bank will deliver these ADSs to the person you indicate only after you pay any applicable issuance fees and any charges and taxes payable for the transfer of the ordinary shares to the custodian. Your ability to deposit ordinary shares and receive ADSs may be limited by U.S. and Cayman Islands legal considerations applicable at the time of deposit.

The issuance of ADSs may be delayed until the depositary bank or the custodian receives confirmation that all required approvals have been given and that the ordinary shares have been duly transferred to the custodian. The depositary bank will only issue ADSs in whole numbers.

When you make a deposit of the ordinary shares, you will be responsible for transferring good and valid title to the depositary bank. As such, you will be deemed to represent and warrant that:

- The ordinary shares are duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid, non-assessable and legally obtained.
- All preemptive (and similar) rights, if any, with respect to such ordinary shares have been validly waived or exercised.

- You are duly authorized to deposit the ordinary shares.
- The ordinary shares presented for deposit are free and clear of any lien, encumbrance, security interest, charge, mortgage or adverse claim, and are not, and the ADSs issuable upon such deposit will not be, "restricted securities" (as defined in the deposit agreement).
- The ordinary shares presented for deposit have not been stripped of any rights or entitlements.

If any of the representations or warranties are incorrect in any way, we and the depositary bank may, at your cost and expense, take any and all actions necessary to correct the consequences of the misrepresentations.

Transfer, Combination and Split Up of ADRs

As an ADR holder, you will be entitled to transfer, combine or split up your ADRs and the ADSs evidenced thereby. For transfers of ADRs, you will have to surrender the ADRs to be transferred to the depositary bank and also must:

- ensure that the surrendered ADR is properly endorsed or otherwise in proper form for transfer;
- provide such proof of identity and genuineness of signatures as the depositary bank deems appropriate;
- provide any transfer stamps required by the State of New York or the United States; and
- pay all applicable fees, charges, expenses, taxes and other government charges payable by ADR holders pursuant to the terms of the deposit agreement, upon the transfer of ADRs.

To have your ADRs either combined or split up, you must surrender the ADRs in question to the depositary bank with your request to have them combined or split up, and you must pay all applicable fees, charges and expenses payable by ADR holders, pursuant to the terms of the deposit agreement, upon a combination or split up of ADRs.

Withdrawal of Ordinary Shares Upon Cancellation of ADSs

As a holder, you will be entitled to present your ADSs to the depositary bank for cancellation and then receive the corresponding number of underlying ordinary shares at the custodian's offices. Your ability to withdraw the ordinary shares held in respect of the ADSs may be limited by U.S. and Cayman Islands considerations applicable at the time of withdrawal. In order to withdraw the ordinary shares represented by your ADSs, you will be required to pay to the depositary bank the fees for cancellation of ADSs and any charges and taxes payable upon the transfer of the ordinary shares. You assume the risk for delivery of all funds and securities upon withdrawal. Once canceled, the ADSs will not have any rights under the deposit agreement.

If you hold ADSs registered in your name, the depositary bank may ask you to provide proof of identity and genuineness of any signature and such other documents as the depositary bank may deem appropriate before it will cancel your ADSs. The withdrawal of the ordinary shares represented by your ADSs may be delayed until the depositary bank receives satisfactory evidence of compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. Please keep in mind that the depositary bank will only accept ADSs for cancellation that represent a whole number of securities on deposit.

You will have the right to withdraw the securities represented by your ADSs at any time except for:

- temporary delays that may arise because (i) the transfer books for the ordinary shares or ADSs are closed, or (ii) the ordinary shares are immobilized on account of a shareholders' meeting or a payment of dividends;

- obligations to pay fees, taxes and similar charges; or
- restrictions imposed because of laws or regulations applicable to ADSs or the withdrawal of securities on deposit.

The deposit agreement may not be modified to impair your right to withdraw the securities represented by your ADSs except to comply with mandatory provisions of law.

Voting Rights

As a holder, you generally have the right under the deposit agreement to instruct the depositary bank to exercise the voting rights for the ordinary shares represented by your ADSs. *The voting rights of holders of ordinary shares are described in "Description of Share Capital—Ordinary Shares"*

At our request, the depositary bank will distribute to you any notice of shareholders' meeting received from us together with information explaining how to instruct the depositary bank to exercise the voting rights of the securities represented by ADSs.

If the depositary bank timely receives voting instructions from a holder of ADSs, it will endeavor to vote the securities (in person or by proxy) represented by the holder's ADSs in accordance with the voting instructions received from the holders of ADSs.

Our articles of association provide that voting of shareholders at any meeting is by poll. Holders of ADSs in respect of which no timely voting instructions have been received, or timely voting instructions have been received however such instructions fail to specify the manner in which the depositary is to vote, shall be deemed to have instructed the depositary to give a discretionary proxy to a person designated by us to vote the ordinary shares represented by such holders' ADSs; provided, that no such instruction shall be deemed given and no such discretionary proxy shall be given with respect to any matter as to which we inform the depositary that we do not wish such proxy to be given; provided, further, that no such discretionary proxy shall be given with respect to any matter as to which we inform the depositary that (i) there exists substantial opposition, or (ii) the rights of holders of ADSs or the shareholders of our company will be materially adversely affected.

Please note that the ability of the depositary bank to carry out voting instructions may be limited by practical and legal limitations and the terms of the securities on deposit. We cannot assure you that you will receive voting materials in time to enable you to return voting instructions to the depositary bank in a timely manner.

Fees and Charges

As an ADS holder, you will be required to pay the following fees under the terms of the deposit agreement:

Service	Fees
• Issuance of ADSs upon deposit of shares (excluding issuances as a result of distributions of shares)	Up to U.S. 5¢ per ADS issued
• Cancellation of ADSs	Up to U.S. 5¢ per ADS canceled
• Distribution of cash dividends or other cash distributions (i.e., sale of rights and other entitlements)	Up to U.S. 5¢ per ADS held
• Distribution of ADSs pursuant to (i) stock dividends or other free stock distributions, or (ii) exercise of rights to purchase additional ADSs	Up to U.S. 5¢ per ADS held
• Distribution of securities other than ADSs or rights to purchase additional ADSs (i.e., spin-off shares)	Up to U.S. 5¢ per ADS held
• ADS Services	Up to U.S. 5¢ per ADS held on the applicable record date(s) established by the depositary bank

As an ADS holder you will also be responsible to pay certain charges such as:

- taxes (including applicable interest and penalties) and other governmental charges;
- the registration fees as may from time to time be in effect for the registration of the ordinary shares on the share register and applicable to transfers of the ordinary shares to or from the name of the custodian, the depositary bank or any nominees upon the making of deposits and withdrawals, respectively;
- certain cable, telex and facsimile transmission and delivery expenses;
- the expenses and charges incurred by the depositary bank in the conversion of foreign currency;
- the fees and expenses incurred by the depositary bank in connection with compliance with exchange control regulations and other regulatory requirements applicable to the ordinary shares, ADSs and ADRs; and
- the fees and expenses incurred by the depositary bank, the custodian or any nominee in connection with the servicing or delivery of deposited property.

ADS fees and charges payable upon (i) deposit of the ordinary shares against issuance of ADSs and (ii) surrender of ADSs for cancellation and withdrawal of the ordinary shares are charged to the person to whom the ADSs are delivered (in the case of ADS issuances) and to the person who delivers the ADSs for cancellation (in the case of ADS cancellations). In the case of ADSs issued by the depositary bank into DTC or presented to the depositary bank via DTC, the ADS issuance and cancellation fees and charges may be deducted from distributions made through DTC, and may be charged to the DTC participant(s) receiving the ADSs or the DTC participant(s) surrendering the ADSs for cancellation, as the case may be, on behalf of the beneficial owner(s) and will be charged by the DTC participant(s) to the account(s) of the applicable beneficial owner(s) in accordance with the procedures and practices of the DTC participant(s) as in effect at the time. ADS fees and charges in respect of distributions and the ADS service fee are charged to the holders as of the applicable ADS record date. In the case of distributions of cash, the amount of the applicable ADS fees and charges is deducted from the funds being distributed. In the case of (i) distributions other than cash and (ii) the ADS service fee, holders as of the ADS record date will be invoiced for the amount of the ADS fees

and charges and such ADS fees and charges may be deducted from distributions made to holders of ADSs. For ADSs held through DTC, the ADS fees and charges for distributions other than cash and the ADS service fee may be deducted from distributions made through DTC, and may be charged to the DTC participants in accordance with the procedures and practices prescribed by DTC and the DTC participants in turn charge the amount of such ADS fees and charges to the beneficial owners for whom they hold ADSs.

In the event of refusal to pay the depositary bank fees, the depositary bank may, under the terms of the deposit agreement, refuse the requested service until payment is received or may set off the amount of the depositary bank fees from any distribution to be made to the ADS holder. Certain of the depositary fees and charges (such as the ADS services fee) may become payable shortly after the closing of the ADS offering. Note that the fees and charges you may be required to pay may vary over time and may be changed by us and by the depositary bank. You will receive prior notice of such changes. The depositary bank may reimburse us for certain expenses incurred by us in respect of the ADR program, by making available a portion of the ADS fees charged in respect of the ADR program or otherwise, upon such terms and conditions as we and the depositary bank agree from time to time.

Amendments and Termination

We may agree with the depositary bank to modify the deposit agreement at any time without your consent. We undertake to give holders 30 days' prior notice of any modifications that would materially prejudice any of their substantial rights under the deposit agreement. We will not consider to be materially prejudicial to your substantial rights any modifications or supplements that are reasonably necessary for the ADSs to be registered under the Securities Act or to be eligible for book-entry settlement, in each case without imposing or increasing the fees and charges you are required to pay. In addition, we may not be able to provide you with prior notice of any modifications or supplements that are required to accommodate compliance with applicable provisions of law.

You will be bound by the modifications to the deposit agreement if you continue to hold your ADSs after the modifications to the deposit agreement become effective. The deposit agreement cannot be amended to prevent you from withdrawing the ordinary shares represented by your ADSs (except as permitted by law).

We have the right to direct the depositary bank to terminate the deposit agreement. Similarly, the depositary bank may in certain circumstances on its own initiative terminate the deposit agreement. In either case, the depositary bank must give notice to the holders at least 30 days before termination. Until termination, your rights under the deposit agreement will be unaffected.

After termination, the depositary bank will continue to collect distributions received (but will not distribute any such property until you request the cancellation of your ADSs) and sell the securities held on deposit. After the sale, the depositary bank will hold the proceeds from such sale and any other funds then held for the holders of ADSs in a non-interest bearing account. At that point, the depositary bank will have no further obligations to holders other than to account for the funds then held for the holders of ADSs still outstanding (after deduction of applicable fees, taxes and expenses).

Books of Depositary

The depositary bank will maintain ADS holder records at its depositary office. You may inspect such records at such office during regular business hours but solely for the purpose of communicating with other holders in the interest of business matters relating to the ADSs and the deposit agreement.

The depositary bank will maintain in New York facilities to record and process the issuance, cancellation, combination, split-up and transfer of ADSs. These facilities may be closed from time to time, to the extent not prohibited by law.

Limitations on Obligations and Liabilities

The deposit agreement limits our obligations and the depositary bank's obligations to you. Please note the following:

- We and the depositary bank are obligated only to take the actions specifically stated in the deposit agreement without negligence or bad faith.
- The depositary bank disclaims any liability for any failure to carry out voting instructions, for any manner in which a vote is cast or for the effect of any vote, provided it acts in good faith and in accordance with the terms of the deposit agreement.
- The depositary bank disclaims any liability for any failure to determine the lawfulness or practicality of any action, for the content of any document forwarded to you on our behalf or for the accuracy of any translation of such a document, for the investment risks associated with investing in the ordinary shares, for the validity or worth of the ordinary shares, for any tax consequences that result from the ownership of ADSs, for the credit-worthiness of any third party, for allowing any rights to lapse under the terms of the deposit agreement, for the timeliness of any of our notices or for our failure to give notice.
- We and the depositary bank will not be obligated to perform any act that is inconsistent with the terms of the deposit agreement.
- We and the depositary bank disclaim any liability if we or the depositary bank are prevented or forbidden from or subject to any civil or criminal penalty or restraint on account of, or delayed in, doing or performing any act or thing required by the terms of the deposit agreement, by reason of any provision, present or future of any law or regulation, or by reason of present or future provision of any provision of our memorandum and articles of association, or any provision of or governing the securities on deposit, or by reason of any act of God or war or other circumstances beyond our control.
- We and the depositary bank disclaim any liability by reason of any exercise of, or failure to exercise, any discretion provided for in the deposit agreement or in our memorandum and articles of association or in any provisions of or governing the securities on deposit.
- We and the depositary bank further disclaim any liability for any action or inaction in reliance on the advice or information received from legal counsel, accountants, any person presenting ordinary shares for deposit, any holder of ADSs or authorized representatives thereof, or any other person believed by either of us in good faith to be competent to give such advice or information.
- We and the depositary bank also disclaim liability for the inability by a holder to benefit from any distribution, offering, right or other benefit that is made available to holders of the ordinary shares but is not, under the terms of the deposit agreement, made available to you.
- We and the depositary bank may rely without any liability upon any written notice, request or other document believed to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper parties.
- We and the depositary bank also disclaim liability for any consequential or punitive damages for any breach of the terms of the deposit agreement.
- No disclaimer of any Securities Act liability is intended by any provision of the deposit agreement.

Pre-Release Transactions

The depositary bank has informed us that it no longer engages in pre-release transactions and has no intention to do so in the future.

Taxes

You will be responsible for the taxes and other governmental charges payable on the ADSs and the securities represented by the ADSs. We, the depositary bank and the custodian may deduct from any distribution the taxes and governmental charges payable by holders and may sell any and all property on deposit to pay the taxes and governmental charges payable by holders. You will be liable for any deficiency if the sale proceeds do not cover the taxes that are due.

The depositary bank may refuse to issue ADSs, to deliver, transfer, split and combine ADRs or to release securities on deposit until all taxes and charges are paid by the applicable holder. The depositary bank and the custodian may take reasonable administrative actions to obtain tax refunds and reduced tax withholding for any distributions on your behalf. However, you may be required to provide to the depositary bank and to the custodian proof of taxpayer status and residence and such other information as the depositary bank and the custodian may require to fulfill legal obligations. You are required to indemnify us, the depositary bank and the custodian for any claims with respect to taxes based on any tax benefit obtained for you.

Foreign Currency Conversion

The depositary bank will arrange for the conversion of all foreign currency received into U.S. dollars if such conversion is practical, and it will distribute the U.S. dollars in accordance with the terms of the deposit agreement. You may have to pay fees and expenses incurred in converting foreign currency, such as fees and expenses incurred in complying with currency exchange controls and other governmental requirements.

If the conversion of foreign currency is not practical or lawful, or if any required approvals are denied or not obtainable at a reasonable cost or within a reasonable period, the depositary bank may take the following actions in its reasonable discretion:

- convert the foreign currency to the extent practical and lawful and distribute the U.S. dollars to the holders for whom the conversion and distribution is lawful and practical;
- distribute the foreign currency to holders for whom the distribution is lawful and practical; and
- hold the foreign currency (without liability for interest) for the applicable holders.

Governing Law/Waiver of Jury Trial

The deposit agreement and the ADRs will be interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of New York. The rights of holders of the ordinary shares (including the ordinary shares represented by ADSs) is governed by the laws of the Cayman Islands.

AS A PARTY TO THE DEPOSIT AGREEMENT, YOU WAIVE YOUR RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF THE DEPOSIT AGREEMENT OR THE ADRs AGAINST US AND/OR THE DEPOSITARY BANK.

CONVERSION BETWEEN ADSs AND ORDINARY SHARES

Our register of members holding unlisted ordinary shares ("shares") will be maintained by the Principal Share Registrar, Maurant Governance Services (Cayman) Limited, in the Cayman Islands, and our register of members holding shares listed on the HKEx and shares represented by the ADSs (other

than shares represented by restricted ADSs) will be maintained by our Hong Kong Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, in Hong Kong.

We have instructed the Hong Kong Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, and it has agreed, not to register the subscription, purchase or transfer of any shares in the name of any particular holder unless and until the holder delivers a signed form to the Hong Kong Share Registrar in respect of those shares bearing statements to the effect that the holder:

- agrees with the company and each of the shareholders, and the company agrees with each shareholder, to observe and comply with the Cayman Companies Law and our articles;
- agrees with the company and each of the shareholders that the shares are freely transferable by the holders thereof; and
- authorizes the company to enter into a contract on his or her behalf with each of the directors, managers and officers of the Company whereby such directors, managers and officers undertake to observe and comply with their obligations to the shareholders as stipulated in the articles.

Ownership of ADSs

An owner of ADSs may hold his or her ADSs either by means of an ADR registered in his or her name, through a brokerage or safekeeping account, or through an account established by the depositary bank in his or her name reflecting the registration of uncertificated ADSs directly on the books of the depositary bank (commonly referred to as the "direct registration system" or "DRS"). The direct registration system reflects the uncertificated (book-entry) registration of ownership of ADSs by the depositary bank. Under the direct registration system, ownership of ADSs is evidenced by periodic statements issued by the depositary bank to the holders of the ADSs. The direct registration system includes automated transfers between the depositary bank and The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), the central book-entry clearing and settlement system for equity securities in the United States. If an owner of ADSs decides to hold his or her ADSs through his or her brokerage or safekeeping account, he or she must rely on the procedures of his or her broker or bank to assert his or her rights as ADS owner. Banks and brokers typically hold securities such as the ADSs through clearing and settlement systems such as DTC. All ADSs held through DTC will be registered in the name of a nominee of DTC.

Dealings and Settlement

Dealings in our shares on the HKEx and our ADSs on the NASDAQ Global Select Market are conducted in Hong Kong dollars and U.S. dollars, respectively. Our shares are traded on the HKEx in board lots of 100 shares.

The transaction costs of dealings in our shares on the HKEx include a HKEx trading fee of 0.005%, a SFC transaction levy of 0.0027%, a transfer deed stamp duty of HK\$5.00 per transfer deed and ad valorem stamp duty on both the buyer and the seller charged at the rate of 0.1% each of the consideration or, if higher, the fair value of our shares transferred. The brokerage commission in respect of trades of shares on the HKEx is freely negotiable.

Investors in Hong Kong must settle their trades executed on the HKEx through their brokers directly or through custodians. For an investor in Hong Kong who has deposited his shares in his stock account or in his designated CCASS Participant's stock account maintained with the Central Clearing and Settlement System (CCASS) established and operated by Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (HKSCC), settlement will be effected in CCASS in accordance with the General Rules of CCASS and CCASS Operational Procedures in effect from time to time. For an investor who holds the physical certificates,

settlement certificates and the duly executed transfer forms must be delivered to his broker or custodian before the settlement date.

An investor may arrange with his broker or custodian on a settlement date in respect of his trades executed on the HKEx. Under the Listing Rules (as defined below) and the General Rules of CCASS and CCASS Operational Procedures in effect from time to time, the date of settlement must be the second business day (a day on which the settlement services of CCASS are open for use by CCASS Participants) following the trade date (T+2). For trades settled under CCASS, the General Rules of CCASS and CCASS Operational Procedures in effect from time to time provided that the defaulting broker may be compelled to compulsorily buy-in by HKSCC the day after the date of settlement (T+3), or if it is not practicable to do so on T+3, at any time thereafter. HKSCC may also impose fines from T+2 onwards.

The CCASS stock settlement fee payable by each counterparty to a HKEx trade is currently 0.002% of the gross transaction value subject to a minimum fee of HK\$2.00 and a maximum fee of HK\$100.00 per trade.

Depository

The depository for our ADSs is Citibank, N.A. ("the Depository"), whose office is located at 388 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10013, United States. The certificated ADSs are evidenced by certificates referred to as American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") that are issued by the Depository.

Each ADS represents ownership interests in 13 shares, and any and all securities, cash or other property deposited with the Depository in respect of such shares but not distributed to ADS holders.

ADSs may be held either (1) directly (a) by having an ADR registered in the holder's name or (b) by holding in the DRS, pursuant to which the Depository may register the ownership of uncertificated ADSs, which ownership shall be evidenced by periodic statements issued by the Depository to the ADS holders entitled thereto, or (2) indirectly through the holder's broker or other financial institution. The following discussion regarding ADSs assumes the holder holds its ADSs directly. If a holder holds the ADSs indirectly, it must rely on the procedures of its broker or other financial institution to assert the rights of ADS holders described in this section. If applicable, you should consult with your broker or financial institution to find out what those procedures are.

We do not treat ADS holders as shareholders, and ADS holders have no shareholder rights. Cayman Islands law governs shareholder rights. Because the Depository actually holds the legal title to our shares represented by ADSs (through the Depository's Custodian (as defined below)), ADS holders must rely on it to exercise the rights of a shareholder. The obligations of the Depository are set out in the deposit agreement, as amended, among us, Citibank, N.A. and our ADS holders and beneficial owners from time to time (the "Deposit Agreement"). The Deposit Agreement and the ADRs evidencing ADSs are governed by the law of the State of New York.

Transfer of Shares to Hong Kong Register

All of our shares were previously registered on the principal register of members in the Cayman Islands. For the purposes of trading on the HKEx, the shares had to be registered in the Hong Kong Share Register. In order to facilitate the investors with a more timely and cost-effective conversion process from ADSs to Hong Kong listed shares, the shares represented by the ADSs that are unrestricted ADSs were removed from the principal share register in the Cayman Islands and entered into the Hong Kong Share Register on or around August 8, 2018.

ADSs are quoted for trading on the NASDAQ Global Select Market. An investor who holds shares and wishes to trade ADSs on the NASDAQ Global Select Market must deposit or have his

broker deposit with Citibank, N.A. Hong Kong, as custodian of the Depositary (the "Depositary's Custodian"), shares, or evidence of rights to receive shares, so as to receive the corresponding ADSs as described below.

Withdrawal from and Deposit into the ADS Program

A deposit of the shares into the ADS program involves the following procedures:

1. If the shares are held outside CCASS, the investor shall arrange to deposit his shares into CCASS for delivery to the Depositary's account with the Depositary's Custodian within CCASS, submit and deliver a request for conversion form to the Depositary's Custodian and after duly completing and signing such conversion form, deliver such conversion form to the Depositary's Custodian. If the shares have been deposited with CCASS, the investor must transfer the shares to the Depositary's account with the Depositary's Custodian within CCASS by following the CCASS procedures for transfer and submit and deliver a the duly completed and signed conversion form to the Depositary.
2. Upon payment of its fees and expenses and of any taxes or charges, such as stamp taxes or stock transfer taxes or fees, the Depositary will issue the corresponding number of ADSs in the name(s) requested by an investor and will deliver the ADSs to the designated DTC account of the person(s) designated by an investor.

Under normal circumstances, step (1) to (2) generally require two business days for shares deposited in CCASS, or 14 business days, or more, as necessary for shares held outside CCASS in physical form, to complete.

If an investor who holds ADSs wishes to trade shares on the HKEx, he must withdraw shares from the ADS program and cause his broker or other financial institution to trade such shares on the HKEx. A withdrawal of shares from the ADS program involves the following procedures:

1. To withdraw shares from the ADS program, an investor who holds ADSs may turn in such ADSs at the office of the Depositary (and the applicable ADR(s) if the ADSs are held in certificated form), and send an instruction to cancel such ADSs to the Depositary. An investor has the right to cancel ADSs and withdraw the underlying shares at any time except when temporary delays arise because the Depositary has closed its transfer books in connection with voting at a shareholders' meeting or the payment of dividends; when the investor or other ADS holders seeking to withdraw shares owe money to pay fees, taxes and similar charges; when it is necessary to prohibit withdrawals in order to comply with any laws or governmental regulations that apply to ADSs or to the withdrawal of shares or other deposited securities; or at any other times when the Depositary or we consider it advisable.
2. Upon payment or net of its fees and expenses and of any taxes or charges, such as stamp taxes or stock transfer taxes or fees, the Depositary will instruct the Depositary's Custodian to deliver the shares underlying the cancelled ADSs to the CCASS account designated by the investor and any other deposited securities underlying the cancelled ADSs to or for the account of such investor. Regarding deposited property, other than shares, which underlie ADSs, our Company currently has no plans to distribute any such property or cause such property to be deposited into the ADS program. The Deposit Agreement, however, contains provisions to address any such distribution in case it should arise. In summary, the Deposit Agreement provides that the Depositary will send to ADS holders any such property our Company distributes on deposited shares by any means it thinks is lawful and reasonably practicable. If it cannot make the distribution in that way, the depositary shall endeavor to sell what our Company distributed and distribute the net proceeds. If it is unable to sell such property, the Depositary may dispose of such property in any way it deems reasonably practicable under the circumstances for nominal or

no consideration and the investors shall have no rights thereto or arising therefrom. The Depositary is not required to distribute any property to ADS holders unless it receives satisfactory evidence from our Company that it is legal to make that distribution. Subject to the Listing Rules and any other applicable legal requirements, a distribution of securities other than shares could possibly include equity securities of a different class from the shares, debt securities or equity or debt securities of a third party. It is expected that such securities, if distributed to an ADS holder, would not be in the form of shares tradable on HKEx.

3. Upon the withdrawal of shares from the ADS program and following payment of all fees, taxes and charges, investors can instruct the Depositary, who will in turn instruct the Depositary's Custodian, to deliver the shares tradable in Hong Kong into a CCASS participant stock account. If investors prefer to receive the shares outside CCASS, they must receive the shares in CCASS first and arrange for withdrawal from CCASS. Investors can then obtain a transfer form signed by HKSCC Nominees Limited (as the transferor) and register the shares in their own names with the Hong Kong Share Registrar.

Under normal circumstances, step (1) to (3) generally require two business days for shares to be received inside CCASS, or 14 business days, or more, as necessary for shares received outside CCASS in physical form, to complete.

Before the Depositary will issue or register a transfer of an ADS or make a distribution on an ADS, or permit withdrawal of shares, the Depositary may require:

1. production of satisfactory proof of the identity and genuineness of any signature or other information it deems necessary; and
2. compliance with regulations it may establish, from time to time, consistent with the Deposit Agreement, including presentation of transfer documents.

The Depositary may refuse to deliver, transfer, or register issuances, transfers and cancellations of ADSs generally when the transfer books of the Depositary or our Hong Kong Share Registrar are closed or at any time if the Depositary or we determine it advisable to do so.

All costs attributable to the transfer of shares to effect a withdrawal from or deposit of shares into the ADS program shall be borne by the shareholder requesting the transfer. In particular, holders of shares and ADSs should note that the Hong Kong Share Registrar will charge between HK\$2.50 to HK\$20 (or such higher fee as may from time to time be permitted under the Listing Rules) for each transfer of shares from one registered owner to another, each share certificate cancelled or issued by it and any applicable fee as stated in the share transfer forms used in Hong Kong. In addition, holders of shares and ADSs must pay up to US\$5.00 (or less) per 100 ADSs for each issuance of ADSs and each cancellation of ADSs, as the case may be, in connection with the deposit of shares into, or withdrawal of shares from, the ADS program.

For illustrative purposes, a holder of shares who wishes to deposit 1,300 shares into the ADS program would incur a maximum charge of US\$5.00 for the issuance to the holder of 100 ADSs and between HK\$2.50 to HK\$20 (or such higher fee as may from time to time be permitted under the Listing Rules) for each share certificate transferred from the holder to the Depositary's Custodian with respect to the 1,300 shares. Conversely, a holder of ADSs who wishes to withdraw 1,300 shares from the ADS program in exchange for 100 ADSs being cancelled would incur similar charges. In addition to the above, holders of shares and ADSs may also have to pay any applicable fee as stated in the share transfer forms used in Hong Kong and any related brokerage commission.

If you hold "Restricted ADSs," the withdrawal of the corresponding shares upon presentation of the "Restricted ADSs" for cancellation is subject to special procedures, the details of which may be obtained from the Company or the Depositary. The registration of issuances and transfers of shares

represented by "Restricted ADSs" is in the charge of the Cayman Registrar, Mourant Governance Services (Cayman) Limited.

Upon the withdrawal of shares from the ADS program and following payment of all fees, taxes and charges, investors can instruct the Depositary, who will in turn instruct the Depositary's Custodian, to deliver the shares tradable in Hong Kong into a CCASS participant stock account. If investors prefer to receive the shares outside the CCASS, they must receive the shares in CCASS first and arrange for withdrawal from CCASS. Investors can then obtain a transfer form signed by HKSCC Nominees Limited (as the transferor) and register the shares in their own names with the Hong Kong Share Registrar.

TAXATION

The following is a summary of the material Cayman Islands, PRC and United States federal income tax consequences relevant to an investment in the ADSs and ordinary shares. The discussion is not intended to be, nor should it be construed as, legal or tax advice to any particular prospective purchaser. The discussion is based on laws and relevant interpretations thereof as of the date of this prospectus, all of which are subject to change or different interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. The discussion does not address U.S. state or local tax laws, or tax laws of jurisdictions other than the Cayman Islands, the People's Republic of China and the United States. You should consult your own tax advisors with respect to the consequences of acquisition, ownership and disposition of the ADSs and ordinary shares.

Cayman Islands Taxation

The Cayman Islands currently levies no taxes on individuals or corporations based upon profits, income, gains or appreciation and there is no taxation in the nature of inheritance tax or estate duty or withholding tax applicable to us or to any holder of the ADSs and ordinary shares. There are no other taxes likely to be material to us levied by the Government of the Cayman Islands except for stamp duties which may be applicable on instruments executed in, or after execution brought within, the jurisdiction of the Cayman Islands. No stamp duty is payable in the Cayman Islands on the issue of shares by, or any transfers of shares of, Cayman Islands companies (except those which hold interests in land in the Cayman Islands). The Cayman Islands is not party to any double tax treaties that are applicable to any payments made to or by us. There are no exchange control regulations or currency restrictions in the Cayman Islands.

Payments of dividends and capital in respect of the ADSs and ordinary shares will not be subject to taxation in the Cayman Islands and no withholding will be required on the payment of a dividend or capital to any holder of the ADSs or ordinary shares, as the case may be, nor will gains derived from the disposal of the ADSs or ordinary shares be subject to Cayman Islands income or corporation tax.

People's Republic of China Taxation

We are a holding company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and we may gain income by way of dividends from our PRC subsidiaries in the future. The Enterprise Income Tax Law, or EIT Law, and its implementation rules, both of which became effective on January 1, 2008 and the EIT Law being most recently amended on December 29, 2018, provide that China sourced income of foreign enterprises, such as dividends paid by a PRC subsidiary to its equity holders that are non-PRC enterprises, will normally be subject to PRC withholding tax at a rate of 10%, unless any such foreign investor's jurisdiction of incorporation has a tax treaty with China that provides for a lower withholding tax rate for which the foreign investor is eligible.

Under the EIT Law, an enterprise established outside of the PRC with a "de facto management body" within the PRC is considered a "resident enterprise," which means that it is treated in a manner similar to a Chinese enterprise for PRC enterprise income tax purposes. The implementation rules of

the EIT Law define "de facto management body" as a managing body that exercises substantial and overall management and control over the production and operations, personnel, accounting and properties of an enterprise. In addition, the Notice Regarding the Determination of Chinese-Controlled Offshore Incorporated Enterprise as PRC Tax Resident Enterprises on the Basis of De Facto Management Bodies, or Circular 82, issued by the State Administration of Taxation, which provides guidance on the determination of the tax residence status of a Chinese-controlled offshore incorporated enterprise, defines Chinese-controlled offshore incorporated enterprise as an enterprise that is incorporated under the laws of a foreign country or territory and that has a PRC enterprise or enterprise group as its primary controlling shareholder. Although BeiGene, Ltd. does not have a PRC enterprise or enterprise group as our primary controlling shareholder and is therefore not a Chinese-controlled offshore incorporated enterprise within the meaning of Circular 82, in the absence of guidance specifically applicable to us, we have applied the guidance set forth in Circular 82 to evaluate the tax residence status of BeiGene, Ltd. and its subsidiaries organized outside the PRC.

According to Circular 82, a Chinese-controlled offshore incorporated enterprise will be regarded as a PRC tax resident by virtue of having a "de facto management body" in China and will be subject to PRC enterprise income tax on its worldwide income only if all of the following criteria are met:

- the primary location of the enterprise's senior executives of the day-to-day operational management and senior management departments performing their duties is in the PRC;
- decisions relating to the enterprise's financial and human resource matters are made or are subject to approval by organizations or personnel in the PRC;
- the enterprise's primary assets, accounting books and records, company seals, and board and shareholder meeting minutes are located or maintained in the PRC; and
- 50% or more of voting board members or senior executives habitually reside in the PRC.

Currently, some of the members of our management team are located in China. However, we do not believe that we meet all of the conditions outlined in the immediately preceding paragraph. BeiGene, Ltd. and its offshore subsidiaries are incorporated outside the PRC. As a holding company, our key assets and records, including the resolutions and meeting minutes of our board of directors and the resolutions and meeting minutes of our shareholders, are located and maintained outside the PRC. We are not aware of any offshore holding companies with a corporate structure similar to ours that has been deemed a PRC "resident enterprise" by the PRC tax authorities. Accordingly, we believe that BeiGene, Ltd. and its offshore subsidiaries should not be treated as a "resident enterprise" for PRC tax purposes if the criteria for "de facto management body" as set forth in Circular 82 were deemed applicable to us. However, as the tax residency status of an enterprise is subject to determination by the PRC tax authorities and uncertainties remain with respect to the interpretation of the term "de facto management body" as applicable to our offshore entities, we will continue to monitor our tax status.

The implementation rules of the EIT Law provide that, (1) if the enterprise that distributes dividends is domiciled in the PRC or (2) if gains are realized from transferring equity interests of enterprises domiciled in the PRC, then such dividends or capital gains are treated as China-sourced income. It is not clear how "domicile" may be interpreted under the EIT Law, and it may be interpreted as the jurisdiction where the enterprise is a tax resident. Therefore, if we are considered as a PRC tax resident enterprise for PRC tax purposes, any dividends we pay to our overseas shareholders or ADS holders, as well as gains realized by such shareholders or ADS holders from the transfer of our shares or ADSs, may be regarded as China-sourced income. As a result dividends paid to non-PRC resident enterprise ADS holders or shareholders may be subject to PRC withholding tax at a rate of up to 10% (or 20% in the case of non-PRC individual ADS holders or shareholders) and gains realized by non-PRC resident enterprise ADS holders or shareholders from the transfer of our ordinary shares or ADSs may be subject to PRC tax at a rate of 10% (or 20% in the case of non-PRC individual ADS holders or shareholders). It is also unclear whether, if we are considered a PRC resident enterprise, holders of our shares or ADSs would be able to claim the benefit of income tax treaties or agreements entered into between China and other countries or areas.

Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations

The following discussion is a summary of the United States federal income tax considerations generally applicable to the ownership and disposition of our ordinary shares and ADSs acquired by a U.S. Holder (as defined below) pursuant to this offering as of the date of this prospectus. Except where noted, this summary deals only with U.S. Holders that are initial purchasers of the ordinary shares and ADSs and that will hold such ordinary shares and ADSs as capital assets (generally, property held for investment) for U.S. federal income tax purposes. This summary does not address all U.S. federal income tax matters that may be relevant to a particular U.S. Holder.

This summary does not describe all of the United States federal income tax consequences that may be applicable to you if you are subject to special treatment under the United States federal income tax laws, including if you are:

- a dealer in securities or currencies;
- a financial institution;
- a pension plan;
- a regulated investment company;
- a real estate investment trust;
- an insurance company;
- a tax-exempt organization;
- a person holding our ordinary shares or ADSs in connection with a trade or business outside the United States;
- a person holding our ordinary shares or ADSs as part of a hedging, integrated or conversion transaction, a constructive sale or a straddle;
- a trader in securities that has elected the mark-to-market method of tax accounting;
- a person who owns or is deemed to own 10% or more of our stock by vote or value;
- a partnership or other pass-through entity for United States federal income tax purposes; or
- a person whose "functional currency" is not the United States dollar.

The discussion below is based upon the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, current (and, to the extent noted below, proposed) Treasury regulations, rulings and judicial decisions thereunder, and the income tax treaty between the United States and the PRC, or the Treaty, as of the date of this prospectus, and such authorities may be replaced, revoked or modified, perhaps retroactively, and may be subject to differing interpretations, which could result in United States federal income tax consequences different from those discussed below. No ruling has been sought from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") with respect to any United States federal income tax consequences described below, and there can be no assurance that the IRS or a court will not take a contrary position. In addition, this summary is based, in part, upon representations made by the depository to us and assumes that the deposit agreement, and all other related agreements, will be performed in accordance with their terms.

As used herein, the term "U.S. Holder" means a beneficial owner of an ordinary share or ADS that is for United States federal income tax purposes:

- an individual citizen or resident of the United States;

- a corporation (or other entity treated as a corporation for United States federal income tax purposes) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia;
- an estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust if it (1) is subject to the primary supervision of a court within the United States and one or more United States persons has or have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (2) has a valid election in effect under applicable United States Treasury regulations to be treated as a United States person.

If a partnership (or any other entity or arrangement that is treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) holds our ordinary shares or ADSs, the tax treatment of a partner will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If you are a partnership holding our ordinary shares or ADSs or a partner in such a partnership, you should consult your tax advisors as to the particular U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning and disposing of our ordinary shares or ADSs.

This summary does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income tax, does not deal with all tax considerations that may be relevant to stockholders in light of their personal circumstances and does not address the Medicare tax imposed on certain net investment income or any state, local, foreign, gift, estate or alternative minimum tax considerations. If you are considering the purchase of our ordinary shares or ADSs, you should consult your own tax advisors concerning the United States federal income tax consequences to you in light of your particular situation, as well as any consequences arising under the laws of any other taxing jurisdiction.

ADSs

If you own ADSs, for United States federal income tax purposes, you will generally be treated as the beneficial owner of the underlying ordinary shares that are represented by such ADSs. The remainder of this discussion assumes that a holder of ADSs will be treated in this manner. Accordingly, deposits or withdrawals of ordinary shares for ADSs will not be subject to United States federal income tax.

Passive Foreign Investment Company Considerations

A non-United States corporation, such as our Company, will be a "passive foreign investment company," or a "PFIC," for United States federal income tax purposes, if, in the case of any particular taxable year, either (i) 75% or more of its gross income for such year consists of certain types of "passive" income or (ii) 50% or more of the average quarterly fair market value of its assets during such year produce or are held for the production of passive income. For this purpose, cash is categorized as a passive asset, and certain unbooked intangible assets, such as goodwill associated with active business activities may generally be classified as active assets. Passive income generally includes, among other things, dividends, interest, certain rents and royalties, and gains from the disposition of passive assets. We will be treated as owning a proportionate share of the assets and earning a proportionate share of the income of any other corporation in which we own, directly or indirectly, more than 25% (by value) of the stock.

The determination of whether we will be or become a PFIC will depend, in part, on the composition of our income and assets. The determination may be affected by how, and how quickly, we use our liquid assets. If we determine not to deploy significant amounts of cash for active purposes, our risk of being classified as a PFIC may substantially increase. In addition, the determination of whether we are or will become a PFIC for any taxable year will also depend in part upon the value of our

goodwill and certain other unbooked intangible assets, which may depend upon the market price of our ordinary shares and ADSs from time-to-time (which may be volatile). Among other matters, if our market capitalization is less than anticipated or subsequently declines, we may be or become a PFIC for the current or future taxable years. Based upon the current and expected composition of our income and assets, we do not presently expect to be a PFIC for the current taxable year. However, because our PFIC status for any taxable year is a factual determination that can be made only after the close of a taxable year, there can be no assurance that we will not be a PFIC for the current taxable year or any future taxable year. In addition, because there are uncertainties in the application of the relevant rules, it is possible that the IRS may challenge our classification of certain income and assets as non-passive which may result in our being or becoming a PFIC in the current or subsequent years. In addition, a U.S. Holder should be aware that we previously determined we were a PFIC for 2016.

If we are a PFIC for any year during which a U.S. holder holds our ADSs or ordinary shares, we will generally continue to be treated as a PFIC for all succeeding years during which such U.S. holder holds such ADSs or ordinary shares, even if we cease to meet the threshold requirements for PFIC status unless you elect to recognize gain as if you had sold your ADSs or ordinary shares as of the last day of the last taxable year for which we were a PFIC. You will generally be required to file Internal Revenue Service Form 8621 if you own the ADSs or ordinary shares in any taxable year in which we are a PFIC.

The discussion below under "Dividends" and "Sale or Other Disposition of Shares and ADSs" assumes that we will not be or become a PFIC for United States federal income tax purposes. The United States federal income tax rules that apply if we are a PFIC for the current taxable year or any subsequent taxable year are generally discussed below under "Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules."

Dividends

Subject to the discussion under "Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules" below, the gross amount of distributions on the ADSs or ordinary shares (including any amounts withheld in respect of PRC withholding taxes, including if we are deemed to be a PRC resident enterprise under the EIT Law) generally will be taxable as dividends to the extent paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under United States federal income tax principles. Such income (including withheld taxes) will be includable in your gross income as ordinary income on the day actually or constructively received by you, in the case of the ordinary shares, or by the depository, in the case of ADSs. Such dividends will generally not be eligible for the dividends received deduction generally allowed to U.S. corporations under the Code. With respect to certain non-corporate United States investors, dividend income may be subject to reduced rates of taxation provided that the ADSs or ordinary shares, as applicable, are readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States or the non-United States corporation is eligible for the benefit of an income tax treaty with the United States (such as the Treaty) that the U.S. Treasury has determined is satisfactory for purposes of the rules applicable to qualified dividends and that includes an exchange of information program. Non-corporate U.S. Holders that do not meet a minimum holding period requirement during which they are not protected from the risk of loss or that elect to treat the dividend income as "investment income" pursuant to Section 163(d)(4) of the Code will not be eligible for the reduced rates of taxation. In addition, the rate reduction will not apply to dividends if the recipient of a dividend is obligated to make related payments with respect to positions in substantially similar or related property, even if the minimum holding period has been met. The rate reduction will also not apply if we are a PFIC in the taxable year in which such dividends are paid or in the preceding taxable year. For this purpose, ADSs listed on the NASDAQ will be considered to be readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States. There can be no assurance that our ADSs will be considered readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States in later years. Since we do not

expect that our ordinary shares will be listed on an established securities market in the United States, dividends that we pay on our ordinary shares that are not represented by ADSs are not likely to meet the conditions required for the reduced tax rate. Nonetheless, if we are treated as a PRC resident enterprise under the Enterprise Income Tax Law, or EIT law, we may be eligible for the benefits of the Treaty. You are urged to consult your tax advisor regarding the availability of the lower rate for dividends paid with respect to our ADSs or ordinary shares.

Subject to a number of complex conditions and limitations, PRC withholding taxes on dividends will generally be treated as foreign taxes eligible for credit against your United States federal income tax liability. For purposes of calculating the foreign tax credit, dividends paid on the ADSs or ordinary shares will be treated as foreign-source income and will generally constitute passive category income. However, in certain circumstances, if you have held the ADSs or ordinary shares for less than a specified minimum period during which you are not protected from risk of loss, or are obligated to make payments related to the dividends, you will not be allowed a foreign tax credit for any PRC withholding taxes imposed on dividends paid on the ADSs or ordinary shares. If you are eligible for Treaty benefits, any PRC taxes on dividends will not be creditable against your United States federal income tax liability to the extent withheld at a rate exceeding the applicable Treaty rate. The rules governing the foreign tax credit are complex. You are urged to consult your tax advisor regarding the availability of the foreign tax credit under your particular circumstances. In lieu of claiming a credit, you may elect to deduct such PRC taxes in computing your taxable income, subject to applicable limitations. An election to deduct foreign taxes instead of claiming foreign tax credits must apply to all foreign taxes paid or accrued in the taxable year.

To the extent that the amount of any distribution on the ADSs or ordinary shares exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits for a taxable year, as determined under United States federal income tax principles, the distribution will first be treated as a tax-free return of capital, causing a reduction in your adjusted tax basis in the ADSs or ordinary shares (thereby increasing the amount of gain, or decreasing the amount of loss, to be recognized by you on a subsequent disposition of the ADSs or ordinary shares), and the balance in excess of adjusted tax basis will be taxed as capital gain recognized on a sale or exchange, as described below under "Sale or Other Disposition of Shares and ADSs" However, we may not calculate earnings and profits in accordance with United States federal income tax principles. Therefore, a U.S. Holder may be unable to establish that a distribution is not out of earnings and profits and should expect to treat the full amount of the distribution as a "dividend" for United States federal income tax purposes (as discussed above).

Dividends paid in non-U.S. currency will be included in the gross income of a U.S. Holder in a U.S. dollar amount calculated by reference to the exchange rate in effect on the date that the dividends are received by the U.S. Holder, regardless of whether such foreign currency is in fact converted into U.S. dollars on such date. Such U.S. Holder will have a tax basis for U.S. federal income tax purposes in the foreign currency received equal to that U.S. dollar value. If such dividends are converted into U.S. dollars on the date of receipt, a U.S. Holder should generally not be required to recognize foreign currency gain or loss in respect thereof. Any gain or loss on a subsequent conversion or other disposition of the foreign currency generally will be treated as ordinary income or loss to such U.S. Holder and generally will be income or loss from sources within the United States for foreign tax credit limitation purposes. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding the treatment of foreign currency gain or loss, if any, on any foreign currency converted into U.S. dollars on a date subsequent to receipt.

Sale or Other Disposition of Shares and ADSs

For United States federal income tax purposes, you will recognize taxable gain or loss on any sale or exchange of ordinary shares or ADSs in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized for the ordinary shares or ADSs and your tax basis in the disposed-of ordinary shares or

ADSs. Subject to the discussion under "Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules" below, such gain or loss will generally be capital gain or loss. Capital gains of individuals derived with respect to capital assets held for more than one year are eligible for reduced rates of taxation. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations. Any gain or loss recognized will generally be treated as United States source gain or loss. However, if we were treated as a PRC resident enterprise for EIT Law purposes and PRC tax were imposed on any gain, and if you are eligible for the benefits of the Treaty, you may generally elect to treat such gain as PRC source gain. If you are not eligible for the benefits of the Treaty or you fail to make the election to treat any gain as PRC source, then you may not be able to use the foreign tax credit arising from any PRC tax imposed on the disposition of the ordinary shares or ADSs unless such credit can be applied (subject to applicable limitations) against tax due on other income derived from foreign sources. You are urged to consult your tax advisor regarding the tax consequences in case any PRC tax is imposed on gain on a disposition of the ordinary shares or ADSs, including the availability of the foreign tax credit and the election to treat any gain as PRC source, under your particular circumstances. A U.S. Holder that receives HK dollars or another currency other than U.S. dollars on the disposition of our ordinary shares or ADSs will realize an amount equal to the U.S. dollar value of the non-US currency received at the spot rate on the date of sale (or, if the ordinary shares or ADSs are considered to be traded on a recognized exchange, in the case of cash basis and electing accrual basis U.S. holders, the settlement date). An accrual basis U.S. holder that does not elect to determine the amount realized using the spot rate on the settlement date will recognize foreign currency gain or loss equal to the difference between the U.S. dollar value of the amount received based on the exchange rates in effect on the date of sale or other disposition and the settlement date. A U.S. holder will have a tax basis in the currency received equal to the U.S. dollar value of the currency received on the settlement date. Any gain or loss on a subsequent disposition or conversion of the currency will be United States source ordinary income or loss.

Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules

If we are a PFIC for any taxable year during which you own the ADSs or ordinary shares and you do not make a mark-to-market election or a "QEF election," each as discussed below, you will generally be subject to special tax rules with respect to any "excess distribution" received and any gain realized from a sale or other disposition, including a pledge, of ADSs or ordinary shares. Any distributions received in a taxable year that are greater than 125% of the average annual distributions received during the shorter of the three preceding taxable years or your holding period for the ADSs or ordinary shares will be treated as excess distributions. Under these special tax rules:

the excess distribution or gain will be allocated ratably over your holding period for the ADSs or ordinary shares;

the amount allocated to the current taxable year, and any taxable year in your holding period prior to the first taxable year in which we were a PFIC, will be taxed as ordinary income; and

the amount allocated to each other taxable year will be subject to tax at the highest tax rate in effect for that taxable year for individuals or corporations, as appropriate, and the interest charge generally applicable to underpayments of tax will be imposed on the resulting tax attributable to each such taxable year.

The tax liability for amounts allocated to years prior to the year of disposition or "excess distribution" cannot be offset by any net operating losses for such years, and gains (but not losses) realized on the sale of the ADSs or ordinary shares cannot be treated as capital, even if you hold the ADSs or ordinary shares as capital assets. In addition, non-corporate U.S. Holders will not be eligible for reduced rates of taxation on any dividends received from us if we are a PFIC in the taxable year in which such dividends are paid or in the preceding taxable year. See "Dividends."

If we are a PFIC for any taxable year during which you own the ADSs or ordinary shares and any of our non-United States subsidiaries or other entities in which we directly or indirectly own equity interests is also a PFIC or a lower-tier PFIC, you would be treated as owning a proportionate amount (by value) of the shares of the lower-tier PFIC for purposes of the application of these rules and will be subject to U.S. federal income tax according to the PFIC rules described above on (i) certain distributions by a lower-tier PFIC and (ii) a disposition of shares of a lower-tier PFIC, in each case as if you owned such shares directly, even though you have not received the proceeds of those distributions or dispositions. You are urged to consult your tax advisors about the application of the PFIC rules to any of our subsidiaries.

For any taxable year that we are treated as a PFIC with respect to a U.S. Holder, the holder will generally be required to file Form 8621 with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service. Significant penalties are imposed for failure to file such form, and the failure to file such form may suspend the running of the statute of limitations on the entire return.

In certain circumstances, in lieu of being subject to the general tax treatment for PFICs discussed above, you may make an election to include gain on the stock of a PFIC as ordinary income under a mark-to-market method, provided that such stock is "regularly traded" on a "qualified exchange." The mark-to-market election is available only for stock that is regularly traded on a national securities exchange that is registered with the SEC, or on a foreign exchange or market that is a qualified exchange, as defined in U.S. Treasury regulations. The ADSs are listed on the NASDAQ, which constitutes a qualified exchange. Our ordinary shares are listed on the HKEx. We cannot guarantee that the HKEx will be qualified in the current or future taxable years for purposes of the mark-to-market election. Furthermore, we cannot guarantee that, once listed, our ordinary shares will continue to be listed and traded on the HKEx. The ADSs and our ordinary shares will be treated as "regularly traded" in any calendar year in which more than a *de minimis* quantity of the ADSs or ordinary shares, as applicable, are traded on a qualified exchange on at least 15 days during each calendar quarter.

If you make an effective mark-to-market election, you will include in ordinary income any gain you recognize in a taxable year that we are a PFIC, in an amount equal to the excess of the fair market value of your ordinary shares or ADSs at the end of the taxable year over your adjusted tax basis in the ordinary shares or ADSs. You will be entitled to deduct as an ordinary loss in each such taxable year the excess of your adjusted tax basis in the ordinary shares or ADSs over their fair market value at the end of the taxable year, but only to the extent of the net amount previously included in income as a result of the mark-to-market election. If you make an effective mark-to-market election, in each year that we are a PFIC any gain you recognize upon the sale or other disposition of your ordinary shares or ADSs will be treated as ordinary income and any loss will be treated as ordinary loss, but only to the extent of the net amount previously included in income as a result of the mark-to-market election. Your adjusted tax basis in the ordinary shares or ADSs will be increased by the amount of any income inclusion and decreased by the amount of any deductions under the mark-to-market rules. If you make an effective mark-to-market election, distributions paid on ordinary shares or ADSs will be treated as discussed under "Dividends" above. If you make a mark-to-market election, it will be effective for the taxable year for which the election is made and all subsequent taxable years during which we are a PFIC unless the ordinary shares or ADSs are no longer regularly traded on a qualified exchange or the Internal Revenue Service consents to the revocation of the election. You are urged to consult your tax advisor about the availability of the mark-to-market election, and whether making the election would be advisable in your particular circumstances. In particular, you should consider carefully the impact of a mark-to-market election with respect to your ordinary shares or ADSs given that we may own interests in lower-tier PFICs for which a mark-to-market election, as a technical matter, may not be available. Consequently, you could be subject to the PFIC rules with respect to income of the lower-tier

PFICs the value of which already had been taken into account indirectly via mark-to-market adjustments.

Alternatively, you may be able to avoid the general tax treatment for PFICs described above by electing to treat us (and each lower-tier PFIC) as a "qualified electing fund," under Section 1295 of the Code, or QEF, for each of the taxable years during your holding period that we are a PFIC. If a QEF election is not in effect for the first taxable year in your holding period in which we are a PFIC, a QEF election can only be made if you elect to recognize gain as if you had sold the ADSs or ordinary shares for their fair market value on the first day of your taxable year in which the PFIC becomes a QEF pursuant to the QEF election. The gain recognized on this deemed sale would be subject to the general tax treatment of PFICs discussed above. We intend to determine our PFIC status at the end of each taxable year and to satisfy any applicable record keeping and reporting requirements that apply to a QEF, and will endeavor to provide to you, for each taxable year that we determine we are or may be a PFIC, a PFIC Annual Information Statement containing the information necessary for you to make a QEF election with respect to us (and, subject to the following paragraph, any of our subsidiaries which are lower-tier PFICs). We may elect to provide such information on our website. However, there can be no assurances that we will make the necessary information available to you.

We will endeavor to cause any lower-tier PFIC to provide to a U.S. Holder the information that may be required to make or maintain a QEF election with respect to the lower-tier PFIC. However, there is no assurance that we will have timely knowledge of the status of any such lower-tier PFIC. In addition, we may not hold a controlling interest in any such lower-tier PFIC and thus there can be no assurance we will be able to cause the lower-tier PFIC to provide the required information. U.S. Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax issues raised by lower-tier PFICs.

You are urged to consult your own tax advisors regarding the procedure for making a QEF election, including the complex rules relating to potential late QEF elections.

If you make a QEF election, you will be currently taxable on your pro rata share of the QEF's ordinary earnings and net capital gain (at ordinary income and capital gain rates, respectively) for each taxable year that the entity is a PFIC, even if no dividend distributions were received. Any distributions we make out of our earnings and profits that were previously included in your income under the QEF election would not be taxable to you. Your tax basis in your ADSs or ordinary shares would be increased by an amount equal to any income included under the QEF election and decreased by any amount distributed on the ADSs or ordinary shares that is not included in your income. In addition, you will recognize capital gain or loss on the disposition of ADSs or ordinary shares in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized and your adjusted tax basis in the ADSs or ordinary shares, each as determined in U.S. dollars. You will not be currently taxed on the ordinary income and net capital gain of a QEF for any year that the QEF is not a PFIC.

You should consult your tax adviser concerning the merits of making a QEF election if we are a PFIC for any taxable year. In order to make a QEF Election, you must attach a completed IRS Form 8621, including a PFIC Annual Information Statement, to your timely filed United States federal income tax return.

Controlled Foreign Corporation Considerations

Each "Ten Percent Shareholder" (as defined below) in a non-U.S. corporation that is classified as a "controlled foreign corporation," or a CFC, for U.S. federal income tax purposes generally is required to include in income for U.S. federal tax purposes such Ten Percent Shareholder's pro rata share of the CFC's "Subpart F income" and investment of earnings in U.S. property, even if the CFC has made no distributions to its shareholders. Each Ten Percent Shareholder is also required to include in gross income its "global intangible low-taxed income," (within the meaning of Code Section 951A), which is determined by reference to the income of CFCs of which such Ten Percent Shareholder is a

Ten Percent Shareholder. Ten Percent Shareholders that are corporations may be entitled to a deduction equal to the foreign portion of any dividend when a dividend is paid. A non-U.S. corporation generally will be classified as a CFC for U.S. federal income tax purposes if Ten Percent Shareholders own in the aggregate, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of either the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation entitled to vote or of the total value of the stock of such corporation. A "Ten Percent Shareholder" is a U.S. person (as defined by the Code), who owns or is considered to own 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote of such corporation or 10% of the value of all classes of stock of such corporation. The determination of CFC status is complex and includes attribution rules, the application of which is not entirely certain. Although we do not believe that we are currently a CFC, it is possible that we could become one in the future. Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors with respect to our potential CFC status and the consequences thereof.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

In general, information reporting will apply to dividends in respect of the ADSs or ordinary shares and the proceeds from the sale, exchange or redemption of the ADSs or ordinary shares that are paid to you within the United States (and in certain cases, outside the United States), unless you are an exempt recipient. A backup withholding tax may apply to such payments if you fail to provide a taxpayer identification number or certification of other exempt status or, in the case of dividend payments, if you fail to report in full your dividend and interest income.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or a credit against your United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service in a timely manner.

If you are an individual (or a certain type of entity controlled by individuals), you are required to report information relating to your ownership of ADSs or ordinary shares, subject to certain exceptions (including an exception for ADSs or ordinary shares held in accounts maintained by certain financial institutions (in which case the accounts may be reportable if maintained by non-U.S. financial institutions)), by attaching a complete Internal Revenue Service Form 8938, Statement of Specified Foreign Financial Assets, with your tax return for each year in which you own ADSs or ordinary shares. You are urged to consult your own tax advisors regarding information reporting requirements relating to your ownership of the ADSs or ordinary shares.

THE DISCUSSION ABOVE IS A GENERAL SUMMARY. IT DOES NOT COVER ALL TAX MATTERS THAT MAY BE OF IMPORTANCE TO A PARTICULAR INVESTOR. EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR IN OUR ADSs OR ORDINARY SHARES IS URGED TO CONSULT ITS TAX ADVISOR ABOUT THE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO IT OF ACQUIRING, HOLDING AND DISPOSING OF OUR ADSs OR ORDINARY SHARES IN LIGHT OF SUCH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR'S OWN CIRCUMSTANCES.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are registering our securities to permit the resale of such securities by the selling shareholders from time to time after the date of this prospectus. We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale or other distribution of such securities by the selling shareholders pursuant to this prospectus. We will bear all fees and expenses incident to our obligation to register or cause the issuance of the ADSs and/or ordinary shares.

The selling shareholders may offer, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of all or a portion of the securities covered by this prospectus from time to time on any stock exchange on which the ADSs or ordinary shares are listed, in the over-the-counter market, in privately negotiated transactions or otherwise, at fixed prices that may be changed, at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices

related to prevailing market prices or at prices otherwise negotiated. The selling shareholders will act independently of us in making decisions with respect to the timing, manner and size of each sale, and we cannot assure you that the selling shareholders will sell all or any portion of its securities offered hereby.

The selling shareholders may offer and sell the securities covered by this prospectus by one or more of the following methods:

- block trades in which a broker or dealer will be engaged to attempt to sell the shares as agent, but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- purchases by a broker or dealer as principal and resale by the broker or dealer for its own account;
- ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker solicits purchases;
- "at the market" transactions to or through market makers or into an existing market for our ADSs or ordinary shares;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- privately negotiated transactions;
- delivery of securities in settlement of short sales;
- through the writing or settlement of options, swaps or other derivative transactions that may or may not be listed on an exchange;
- one or more underwritten offerings on a firm commitment or best efforts basis;
- distributions to their respective partners, members, managers, directors, employees, consultants or affiliates;
- any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law; or
- any combination of the above.

The selling shareholders may engage brokers and dealers, and any brokers or dealers may arrange for other brokers or dealers to participate in effecting sales of the securities. These brokers, dealers or underwriters may act as principals, or as agents of the selling shareholder. Broker-dealers may agree with the selling shareholders to sell a specified number of securities at a stipulated price per share. If a broker-dealer is unable to sell securities acting as agent for the selling shareholder, it may purchase as principal any unsold securities at the stipulated price. Broker-dealers that acquire securities as principals may thereafter resell the securities from time to time in transactions on any stock exchange on which the securities are then listed, at prices and on terms then prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to the then-current market price or in negotiated transactions. Broker-dealers may use block transactions and sales to and through broker-dealers, including transactions of the nature described above.

The selling shareholders may, from time to time, pledge or grant a security interest in some or all of the securities owned by them and, if the selling shareholders defaults in the performance of their secured obligations, the pledgees or secured parties may offer and sell the securities, from time to time, under this prospectus, or under an amendment to this prospectus under an applicable provision of the Securities Act amending the list of selling shareholders to include the pledgee, transferee or other successors in interest as selling shareholders under this prospectus. The selling shareholders also may transfer the securities in other circumstances, in which case the transferees, pledgees or other successors in interest will be the selling beneficial owners for purposes of this prospectus.

The selling shareholders and any brokers, dealers or agents that participate in the distribution of securities may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act, and any discounts, concessions, commissions or fees received by them and any profit on the resale of shares sold by them may be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions. At the time a particular offering of securities is made, a prospectus supplement, if required, will be distributed which will set forth the aggregate amount of securities being offered and the terms of the offering, including the name or names of any brokers, dealers or agents, any discounts, commissions and other terms constituting compensation from the selling shareholders and any discounts, commissions or concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to broker-dealers. The selling shareholders may indemnify any broker-dealer that participates in transactions involving the sale of the securities against certain liabilities, including liabilities arising under the Securities Act.

The selling shareholders may enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers, and the broker-dealers may engage in short sales of securities in the course of hedging the positions they assume with the selling shareholder, including, without limitation, in connection with distributions of securities by those broker-dealers. The selling shareholders may enter into option or other transactions with broker-dealers that involve the delivery of securities registered hereby to the broker-dealers, who may then resell or otherwise transfer those securities. The selling shareholders and other persons participating in the sale or distribution of securities will be subject to applicable provisions of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, including Regulation M, and we have advised the selling shareholders that Regulation M may apply. This regulation may limit the timing of purchases and sales of any securities by the selling shareholders or any other person. The anti-manipulation rules under the Exchange Act may apply to sales of securities in the market and to the activities of the selling shareholders and its affiliates. Furthermore, Regulation M may restrict the ability of any person engaged in the distribution of securities to engage in market-making activities with respect to the particular securities being distributed for a period of up to five business days before the distribution. These restrictions may affect the marketability of the securities and the ability of any person or entity to engage in market-making activities with respect to the securities.

The selling shareholders may also sell securities in accordance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act rather than pursuant to this prospectus, regardless of whether the securities are covered by this prospectus.

We will make copies of this prospectus available to the selling shareholders and any of their successors in interest for purposes of satisfying the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act, if applicable.

In order to comply with the securities laws of certain states, if applicable, the securities offered by this prospectus must be sold in such jurisdictions only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers.

In addition, in certain states, securities may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the applicable state or an exemption from the registration or qualification requirement is available and is complied with.

Our ordinary shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, or HKEx, under the stock code "06160", and ADSs representing our ordinary shares are listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "BGNE". To the extent required, this prospectus may be amended or supplemented from time to time to describe a specific plan of distribution.

ENFORCEMENT OF CIVIL LIABILITIES

We are incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability. We incorporated in the Cayman Islands because of certain benefits associated with being a Cayman Islands corporation, such as political and economic stability, an effective judicial system, a

favorable tax system, the absence of foreign exchange control or currency restrictions and the availability of professional and support services. However, the Cayman Islands have a less developed body of securities laws that provide significantly less protection to investors as compared to the securities laws of the United States. In addition, Cayman Islands companies may not have standing to sue before the federal courts of the United States.

A large portion of our assets are located in China. In addition, some of our directors and officers are residents of jurisdictions other than the United States and all or a substantial portion of their assets are located outside the United States. As a result, it may be difficult for investors to effect service of process within the United States upon us or our directors and officers, or to enforce against us or them judgments obtained in United States courts, including judgments predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the securities laws of the United States or any state in the United States.

We have appointed C T Corporation System, located at 28 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10005 as our agent to receive service of process in the United States.

Mourant Ozannes, our counsel as to Cayman Islands law, and Fangda Partners, our counsel as to PRC law, have respectively advised us that there is uncertainty as to whether the courts of the Cayman Islands or the PRC would, respectively, (1) recognize or enforce judgments of U.S. courts obtained against us or our directors or officers predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the securities laws of the United States or any state in the United States, or (2) entertain original actions brought in the Cayman Islands or the PRC against us or our directors or officers predicated upon the securities laws of the United States or any state in the United States. Furthermore, Mourant Ozannes and Fangda Partners have advised us that, as of the date of this prospectus, no treaty or other form of reciprocity exists between the Cayman Islands and China governing the recognition and enforcement of judgments.

Mourant Ozannes has informed us that the uncertainty with regard to Cayman Islands law relates to whether a judgment obtained from the United States or PRC courts under civil liability provisions of the securities laws will be determined by the courts of the Cayman Islands as penal or punitive in nature. If such a determination is made, the courts of the Cayman Islands will not recognize or enforce the judgment against a Cayman company. As the courts of the Cayman Islands have yet to rule on whether such judgments are penal or punitive in nature, it is uncertain whether they would be enforceable in the Cayman Islands.

Mourant Ozannes has further advised us that although there is no statutory enforcement in the Cayman Islands of judgments obtained in the United States or China, a judgment obtained in such jurisdiction will be recognized and enforced in the courts of the Cayman Islands at common law, without any reexamination of the merits of the underlying dispute, by an action commenced on the foreign judgment debt in the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, provided such judgment (1) is given by a foreign court of competent jurisdiction, (2) imposes on the judgment debtor a liability to pay a liquidated sum for which the judgment has been given, (3) is final, (4) is not in respect of taxes, a fine or a penalty and (5) was not obtained in a manner and is not of a kind the enforcement of which is contrary to natural justice or the public policy of the Cayman Islands.

Fangda Partners has advised us that the recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments are provided for under the PRC Civil Procedure Law. PRC courts may recognize and enforce foreign judgments in accordance with the requirements of the PRC Civil Procedure Law based either on treaties between China and the country where the judgment is made or on principles of reciprocity between jurisdictions. Fangda Partners has advised us further that under PRC law, courts in the PRC will not recognize or enforce a foreign judgment against us or our directors and officers if they decide that the judgment violates the basic principles of PRC law or national sovereignty, security or social public interest. As there exists no treaty or other form of reciprocity between China and the United States governing the recognition and enforcement of judgments as of the date of this prospectus, including those predicated upon the liability provisions of the United States federal securities laws,

there is uncertainty whether and on what basis a PRC court would enforce judgments rendered by United States courts. In addition, because there is no treaty or other form of reciprocity between the Cayman Islands and China governing the recognition and enforcement of judgments as of the date of this prospectus, there is further uncertainty as to whether and on what basis a PRC court would enforce judgments rendered by a Cayman Islands court.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters with respect to Cayman Islands law with respect to the validity of the offered securities have been passed upon for us by Mourant Ozannes. Certain legal matters as to PRC law have been passed upon for us by Fangda Partners. Any underwriters will be advised about other issues relating to any offering by their own legal counsel.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of BeiGene, Ltd. appearing in BeiGene, Ltd.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the effectiveness of BeiGene, Ltd.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2018 have been audited by Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their reports thereon, included therein, and as incorporated herein by reference. Such consolidated financial statements are incorporated by reference in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

PART II
INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 14. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

The following table sets forth the fees and expenses payable by us in connection with the sale of the offered securities being registered hereby, other than underwriting discounts and commissions.

SEC registration fee	US\$	155,815(1)
Accounting fees and expenses		7,500(2)
Legal fees and expenses		60,000(2)
Miscellaneous		8,200(2)
Total		231,515(2)

- (1) Comprised of (i) \$99,204 of previously paid fees in connection with the registration of unsold securities on the Registration Statement on Form S-3ASR (Reg. No. 333-218303) filed on May 26, 2017 and (ii) \$56,611 of fees paid in connection with the registration of the incremental shares registered pursuant to this Post-Effective Amendment No. 1.
- (2) Amounts are estimated.

Item 15. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

Cayman Islands law does not limit the extent to which a company's articles of association may provide indemnification of officers and directors, except to the extent any such provision may be held by the Cayman Islands courts to be contrary to public policy, such as providing indemnification against civil fraud or the consequences of committing a crime. Our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association provide that each officer or director shall be indemnified out of assets of our company against all actions, proceedings, costs, charges, expenses, losses, damages or liabilities incurred or sustained by such directors or officer, other than by reason of such person's dishonesty, willful default or fraud, in or about the conduct of our company's business or affairs (including as a result of any mistake of judgment) or in the execution or discharge of his duties, powers, authorities or discretions, including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any costs, expenses, losses or liabilities incurred by such director or officer in defending (whether successfully or otherwise) any civil proceedings concerning our company or its affairs in any court whether in the Cayman Islands or elsewhere.

In addition, we have entered into agreements to indemnify our directors and executive officers. These agreements, among other things, indemnify our directors and executive officers against certain liabilities and expenses incurred by such persons in connection with claims made by reason of their being such a director or executive officer.

In any underwriting agreement we enter into in connection with the sale of securities being registered hereby, the underwriters will agree to indemnify, under certain conditions, us, our directors, our officers and persons who control us within the meaning of the Securities Act, against certain liabilities.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling us under the foregoing provisions, we have been informed that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

Item 16. Exhibits.

The exhibits to this Registration Statement are listed in the exhibit index, which appears elsewhere herein and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 17. Undertakings.

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes:

(1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:

(i) to include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act;

(ii) to reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of this registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in this registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and

(iii) to include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in this registration statement or any material change to such information in this registration statement;

provided, however, that paragraphs (1)(i), (1)(ii) and (1)(iii) do not apply if the information required to be included in a post-effective amendment by those paragraphs is contained in reports filed with or furnished to the SEC by the Registrant pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act, that are incorporated by reference in this registration statement, or is contained in a form of prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) that is part of this registration statement.

(2) That, for the purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at the time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

(3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.

(4) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act to any purchaser:

(i) each prospectus filed by the Registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3) shall be deemed to be part of the registration statement as of the date the filed prospectus was deemed part of and included in the registration statement; and

(ii) each prospectus required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2), (b)(5), or (b)(7) as part of a registration statement in reliance on Rule 430B relating to an offering made pursuant to Rule 415(a)(1)(i), (vii) or (x) for the purpose of providing the information required by Section 10(a) of the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the earlier of the date such form of prospectus is first used after effectiveness or the date of the first contract of sale of securities in the offering described in the prospectus. As provided in Rule 430B, for liability purposes of the issuer and

any person that is at that date an underwriter, such date shall be deemed to be a new effective date of the registration statement relating to the securities in the registration statement to which that prospectus relates, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof; *provided, however*, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such effective date, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such effective date.

(5) That, for the purpose of determining liability of the Registrant under the Securities Act to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities, the undersigned Registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned Registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned Registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

- (i) any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned Registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
- (ii) any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned Registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned Registrant;
- (iii) the portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned Registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned Registrant; and
- (iv) any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned Registrant to the purchaser.

(6) That, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each filing of the Registrant's annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act) that is incorporated by reference in this registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

(7) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the indemnification provisions described herein, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

(8) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance under Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to

Rule 424(b)(1) or (4), or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective

(9) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

(10) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to file an application for the purpose of determining the eligibility of the trustee to act under subsection (a) of Section 310 of the Trust Indenture Act (the "*Act*") in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the SEC under Section 305(b)(2) of the Act.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
1.1*	Form of Underwriting Agreement
3.1	Fifth Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Registrant, as currently in effect (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-37686) filed on December 12, 2018)
4.1	Deposit Agreement, dated as of February 5, 2016, by and among the Registrant, Citibank, N.A., as the Depositary, and the Holders and Beneficial Owners of American Depositary Shares issued hereunder (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-37686) filed on February 11, 2016)
4.2	Amendment No. 1 to Deposit Agreement, dated as of April 11, 2016, by and among the Registrant, Citibank, N.A., as the Depositary, and the Holders and Beneficial Owners of American Depositary Shares outstanding under the Deposit Agreement, dated as of February 5, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-37686) filed on April 11, 2016)
4.3	Letter Agreement, dated as of July 11, 2016, between the Registrant and Citibank, N.A., as the Depositary (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 001-37686) filed on August 10, 2016)
4.4	Form of Letter Agreement, between the Registrant and Citibank, N.A., as the Depositary (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.9 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 001-37686) filed on May 10, 2017)
4.5	Form of American Depositary Receipt (included in Exhibit 4.2)
4.6	Specimen Certificate for Ordinary Shares (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-207459) filed on December 9, 2015)
4.7	Second Amended and Restated Investors' Rights Agreement, dated as of April 21, 2015, by and among the Registrant and certain shareholders named therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-207459) filed on October 16, 2015)
4.8	Amendment No. 1 to Second Amended and Restated Investors' Rights Agreement, dated January 26, 2016, by and among the Registrant and certain shareholders named therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-207459) filed on January 27, 2016)
4.9	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of November 16, 2016, by and among BeiGene, Ltd. and the investors named therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-37686) filed on November 17, 2016)
4.10	Share Subscription Agreement, dated July 5, 2017, by and between Celgene Switzerland LLC and the Registrant therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-37686) filed on July 6, 2017)
5.1	Opinion of Mourant Ozannes regarding the ordinary shares being registered
23.1	Consent of Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP
23.2	Consent of Mourant Ozannes (included in Exhibit 5.1)

Exhibit No.	Description
23.3	Consent of Fangda Partners
24.1	Powers of Attorney (included in the signature page)
*	To be filed by amendment or by a Current Report on Form 8-K.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-3 and has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the Cayman Islands, on May 9, 2019.

BeiGene, Ltd.

By: /s/ JOHN V. OYLER

Name: John V. Oyler

Title: *Chief Executive Officer and Chairman*

POWER OF ATTORNEY AND SIGNATURES

KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENT, that each individual whose signature appears below hereby constitutes and appoints each of John V. Oyler and Howard Liang as such person's true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent with full power of substitution and re-substitution, for such person in such person's name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments (including post-effective amendments) to this registration statement (or any registration statement for the same offering that is to be effective upon filing pursuant to Rule 462 under the Securities Act of 1933), and to file the same, with all supplements and exhibits thereto, and all documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission granting unto each said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite, necessary, advisable or appropriate to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as such person might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that any said attorney-in-fact and agent, or any substitute or substitutes of any of them, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ JOHN V. OYLER</u> John V. Oyler	Chief Executive Officer, Chairman and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	May 9, 2019
<u>/s/ HOWARD LIANG</u> Howard Liang	Chief Financial Officer and Chief Strategy Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	May 9, 2019
<u>*</u> Timothy Chen	Director	May 9, 2019
<u>*</u> Donald W. Glazer	Director	May 9, 2019

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
* _____ Michael Goller	Director	May 9, 2019
* _____ Ranjeev Krishana	Director	May 9, 2019
* _____ Thomas Malley	Director	May 9, 2019
/s/ JING-SHYH (SAM) SU _____ Jing-Shyh (Sam) Su	Director	May 9, 2019
* _____ Xiaodong Wang	Director	May 9, 2019
* _____ Qingqing Yi	Director	May 9, 2019
*By: _____ /s/ JOHN V. OYLER _____ John V. Oyler <i>Attorney-in-Fact</i>		
BeiGene USA, Inc.		
By: _____ /s/ SCOTT A. SAMUELS _____ Name: Scott A. Samuels Title: <i>Senior Vice President, General Counsel</i>	Authorized Representative in the United States	May 9, 2019

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BeiGene, Ltd.
94 Solaris Avenue
Camana Bay
PO Box 1348
Grand Cayman, KY1-1108
Cayman Islands

9 May 2019

Our ref: 8017617/75407538/2

Dear Sirs

BeiGene, Ltd. (the Company)

We have acted as the Cayman Islands legal advisers to the Company in connection with the Registration Statement (defined below).

This is our legal opinion relating to the Company and the Amended Registration Statement in support of a filing by the Company of amendment no 1 to the registration statement on Form S-3 to be filed on or about the date of this opinion (the **Amended Registration Statement**) with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, under the United States Securities Act of 1933 as amended (the **US Securities Act**), relating to the resale of certain securities issued by the Company to the selling shareholders set out therein and as set out in paragraph 1 below.

1. Securities

The Amended Registration Statement is filed for the resale of the following securities (the **Shares**) by their respective beneficial owners:

- (a) 16,319,660 ordinary shares, par value US\$0.0001 per share, of the Company (**Ordinary Shares**) held by 667, L.P.;
- (b) 144,972,174 Ordinary Shares held by Baker Brothers Life Sciences, L.P.;
- (c) 16,255,796 Ordinary Shares held by John V. Oyler;
- (d) 7,743,227 Ordinary Shares held by the John Oyler 2015 Grantor Retained Annuity Trust;
- (e) 29,439,115 Ordinary Shares held by Oyler Investment LLC;
- (f) 58,995,800 Ordinary Shares held by Gaoling Fund, L.P.;
- (g) 4,121,589 Ordinary Shares held by YHG Investment;
- (h) 13,445,978 Ordinary Shares held by Hillhouse BGN Holdings Limited;
- (i) 7,272,998 Ordinary Shares held by Xiaodong Wang;
- (j) 4,948,000 Ordinary Shares held by Wang Investment LLC; and

Mourant Ozannes is a Cayman Islands partnership
A list of the partners is available at mourant.com

one American Depositary Share of the Company (**ADSs**) represents 13 of such Ordinary Shares.

2. **Documents, searches and definitions**

2.1 We have reviewed a copy of each of the following documents for the purposes of this opinion:

- (a) the Amended Registration Statement in the form to be filed on 9 May 2019 under the US Securities Act (excluding its exhibits);
- (b) the Company's certificate of incorporation and fifth amended and restated memorandum and articles of association that were adopted on 7 December 2018;
- (c) the Company's register of directors and officers (the **Register of Directors**), register of members (the **Register of Members**) and register of mortgages and charges (the **Register of Charges**) that were provided to us on 9 May 2019;
- (d) the resolutions in writing of the directors of the Company passed on 19 May 2017 (the **Director Resolutions**); and
- (e) a certificate of good standing for the Company dated 8 May 2019 issued by the Registrar.

2.2 We carried out a search of the Grand Court Register (defined below) in relation to the Company on 8 May 2019 (the **Grand Court Search**).

2.3 In this opinion:

- (a) **agreement** includes an agreement, deed or other instrument;
- (b) **Companies Law** means the Companies Law (2018 Revision) of the Cayman Islands;
- (c) **Company Records** means the Company's memorandum and articles of association, the Register of Directors, the Register of Members and the Register of Charges;
- (d) **execute** and its other grammatical forms mean (unless the context requires otherwise) that a document has been signed, dated and unconditionally delivered;
- (e) **Grand Court** means the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands;
- (f) **Grand Court Register** means the Register of Writs and Other Originating Process of the Grand Court maintained by the Clerk of the Grand Court;
- (g) **insolvent** means, in relation to the Company, that it is unable to pay its debts as they fall due;
- (h) **non-assessable** means, with respect to the Ordinary Shares, that a holder of such Ordinary Shares, in respect of which all amounts due on such Ordinary Shares as to the nominal amount and any premium thereon have been fully paid, will be under no obligation to contribute to the liabilities of the Company solely in their capacity as holders of such Ordinary Shares (except in exceptional circumstances and subject to the Company's articles of association (the **Articles**), such as involving fraud, the establishment of an agency relationship or an illegal or improper purpose or other circumstances in which a court may be prepared to pierce or lift the corporate veil);

(i) **Registrar** means the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands; and

(j) **signed** means that a document has been duly signed or sealed.

3. **Assumptions**

We have assumed (and have not independently verified) that:

3.1 each document examined by us:

(a) whether it is an original or copy, is (along with any date, signature, initial, stamp or seal on it) genuine and complete, up-to-date and (where applicable) in full force and effect; and

(b) was (where it was executed after we reviewed it) executed in materially the same form as the last draft of that document examined by us;

3.2 where we have only been sent a copy of the signed signature pages of the Amended Registration Statement, each party to the Amended Registration Statement has unconditionally delivered the entire document (including its signed signature page) in materially the same form as the last draft of the Amended Registration Statement examined by us;

3.3 in causing the Company to enter into the Amended Registration Statement, each director of the Company:

(a) acted honestly, in good faith and in what the director believed to be the best interests of the Company;

(b) exercised the director's powers as a director for a proper purpose; and

(c) exercised the care, diligence and skill that a reasonable director would exercise in the same circumstances;

3.4 each director of the Company (and any alternate director) has disclosed to each other director any interest of that director (or alternate director) in the transactions contemplated by the Amended Registration Statement in accordance with the Company's memorandum and articles of association;

3.5 the Director Resolutions were duly passed, are in full force and effect and have not been amended, revoked or superseded and any meeting at which those resolutions were passed was duly convened, held and quorate throughout;

3.6 each document examined by us that has been signed by the Company:

(a) has been signed by the person(s) authorised by the Company to sign it;

(b) (where any signatory is a body corporate) it has been signed in accordance with that body corporate's constitution and then current signing authorities; and

(c) has been dated and unconditionally delivered by the Company;

3.7 there are no documents or arrangements to which the Company is party or resolutions of the Company's directors or shareholders that conflict with, or would be breached by, the Company's entry into, or performance of its obligations under, the Amended Registration Statement;

3.8 the Company is not insolvent and will not become insolvent as a result of executing, or performing its obligations under, the Amended Registration Statement and no steps have

- been taken, or resolutions passed, to wind up the Company or appoint a receiver in respect of the Company or any of its assets;
- 3.9 the Company is not carrying on any activity which requires a licence under any **regulatory laws** (as defined in the Companies Law);
- 3.10 the Company is not, nor is it owned or controlled directly or indirectly by, a state or sovereign entity;
- 3.11 each party to the Amended Registration Statement (other than, as a matter of the laws of the Cayman Islands, the Company where it is a party) has:
- (a) the capacity and power;
 - (b) taken all necessary action; and
 - (c) obtained or made all necessary agreements, approvals, authorisations, consents, filings, licences, registrations and qualifications (whether as a matter of any law or regulation applicable to it or as a matter of any agreement binding upon it),
- to execute and perform its obligations under the Amended Registration Statement;
- 3.12 the Amended Registration Statement has been executed by each party to it (other than, as a matter of the laws of the Cayman Islands, the Company where it is a party);
- 3.13 the obligations of each party under the Amended Registration Statement are legal, valid, binding and enforceable under all applicable laws other than the laws of the Cayman Islands;
- 3.14 none of our opinions will be affected by the laws or public policy of any foreign jurisdiction;
- 3.15 the information disclosed by the Grand Court Search was at the time of the search, and continues to be, accurate and complete;
- 3.16 the Company Records were and remain at the date of this opinion accurate and complete;
- 3.17 no Shares have been allotted or issued at a discount to their nominal value (whether in US dollars or equivalent in any other currency); and
- 3.18 as at each date of allotment and issue of the Shares, the Company shall have received in full the consideration equal to the subscription price payable for the Shares (such subscription price being no less than the nominal value of the Shares, whether in US dollars or equivalent in any other currency), and shall have entered the holder or holders thereof in the register of members of the Company showing that such Shares shall have been fully paid up as to their nominal value and any premium thereon as at the date of their allotment.

4. **Opinion**

Subject to the assumptions, observations, qualifications and limitations set out in this opinion, and to matters not disclosed to us, we are of the following opinion.

- 4.1 **Status** : the Company is incorporated under the Companies Law, validly exists as an exempted company under the laws of the Cayman Islands and is in good standing with the Registrar. For the purposes of this opinion, **good standing** means only that the Company is listed on the register of companies maintained by the Registrar and has paid its annual filing fee to the Registrar for the current year.

4.2 **Issue of Shares** : the Shares are duly authorised, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

5. **Qualifications and observations**

This opinion is subject to the following qualifications and observations.

5.1 This opinion is subject to all laws relating to bankruptcy, dissolution, insolvency, re-organisation, winding up, liquidation, moratorium, court schemes and other laws and legal procedures of general application affecting or relating to the rights of creditors.

5.2 Where a director of a Cayman Islands company fails to disclose an interest in a transaction entered into by the company, the transaction is voidable.

5.3 The Grand Court Search will not reveal (among other things) if:

- (a) proceedings filed with the Grand Court have not been entered in the Grand Court Register;
- (b) any application to the Grand Court for a winding-up petition or for the appointment of a receiver in respect of the Company has been prepared but not yet filed;
- (c) any proceedings against the Company have been threatened but not filed;
- (d) the Company is in voluntary liquidation;
- (e) a receiver had been appointed under a debenture or other security agreement in respect of the assets of the Company; or
- (f) the Company is a defendant or respondent to any arbitration proceedings.

6. **Limitations**

6.1 This opinion is limited to the matters expressly stated in it and it is given solely in connection with the filing of the Amended Registration Statement.

6.2 For the purposes of this opinion, we have only examined the documents listed in paragraph 2.1 above. We have not examined any term or document incorporated by reference, or otherwise referred to, whether in whole or part, in the Amended Registration Statement and we offer no opinion on any such term or document.

6.3 We offer no opinion:

- (a) on whether the commercial terms of the Amended Registration Statement reflect or achieve the intentions of the parties (unless otherwise expressly stated in this opinion);
- (b) on any factual statement, representation or warranty made or given in the Amended Registration Statement unless otherwise expressly stated in this opinion;
- (c) as to whether the parties to the Amended Registration Statement will be able to perform their obligations under it; or
- (d) as to the title or interest of any party to or in, or the existence or value of, any property or collateral the subject of the Amended Registration Statement.

6.4 We have made no investigation of, and express no opinion with respect to, the laws of any jurisdiction other than the Cayman Islands or the effect of the Amended Registration

Statement under those laws. In particular, we express no opinion as to the meaning or effect of any foreign statutes referred to in the Amended Registration Statement.

- 6.5 We assume no obligation to advise the Company (or any person we give consent to rely on this opinion) in relation to changes of fact or law that may have a bearing on the continuing accuracy of this opinion.

7. **Governing law**

This opinion, and any non-contractual obligations arising out of it, are governed by, and to be interpreted in accordance with, laws in force in the Cayman Islands on the date of this opinion.

8. **Consent**

- 8.1 We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion in its full form and the use of our name under the caption “Legal Matters” contained in the Amended Registration Statement or in such other form as we may approve in writing.

- 8.2 We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Amended Registration Statement and to the reference to our name under the headings **Enforcement of Civil Liabilities** and **Legal Matters** and elsewhere in the prospectus included in the Amended Registration Statement. In giving such consent, we do not hereby admit that we come within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Rules and Regulations of the Commission thereunder.

Yours faithfully

/s/ Mourant Ozannes

Mourant Ozannes

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the reference to our firm under the caption “Experts” in the Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-218303) and related Prospectus of BeiGene, Ltd. for the registration of its ordinary shares and to the incorporation by reference therein of our reports dated February 28, 2019, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of BeiGene, Ltd., and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of BeiGene, Ltd., included in its [Annual Report \(Form 10-K\) for the year ended December 31, 2018](#), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

/s/ Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP
Beijing, People’s Republic of China
May 9, 2019

方達律師事務所

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To: **BeiGene, Ltd.**

May 9, 2019

Re: Consent of Fangda Partners

Dear Sirs,

We hereby consent to the reference of our name under the headings “Enforcement of Civil Liabilities” and “Legal Matters” in BeiGene, Ltd.’s Amendment No.1 to Form S-3ASR (File No. 333-218303) (the “**Registration Statement**”), which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “**SEC**”) on May 9, 2019. We also consent to the filing of this consent letter with the SEC as an exhibit to the Registration Statement.

In giving such consent, we do not thereby admit that we come within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act of 1933, or under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in each case, as amended, or the regulations promulgated thereunder.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Fangda Partners

Fangda Partners
